


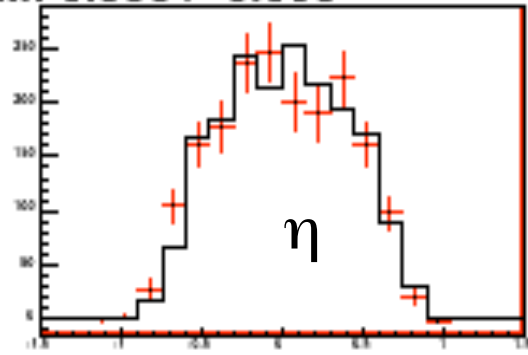
## Comparison of old vs. new data (Bst-ntuples)

- > old data:  $L > 1.35 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (*red* crosses)
- > new data:  $L > 1.35 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , p17 included (*black* histo.)
- > most of distributions are for  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$  signal window events with sideband windows subtraction
- > Using a NN-without-PID and a cut of 0.6
- > Some distributions, marked with  are analysed further. For that, BIt-ntuples are sometimes used.

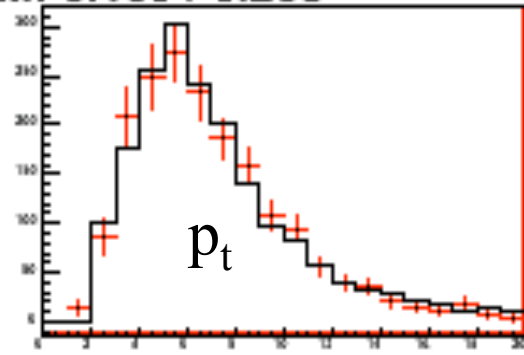
# J/ψ

Bst-ntuples, L<1.35 *red*, L>1.35 *black*

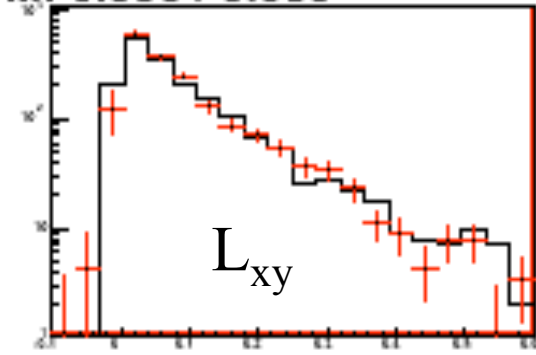
M: 0.006 / -0.006



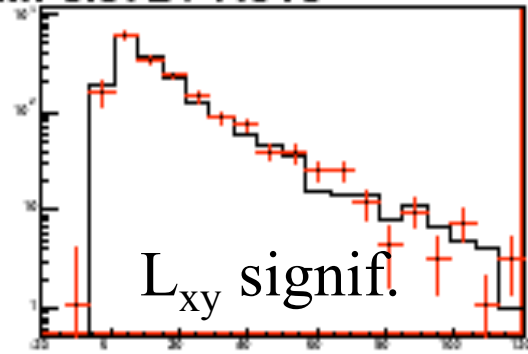
M: 6.169 / 6.205



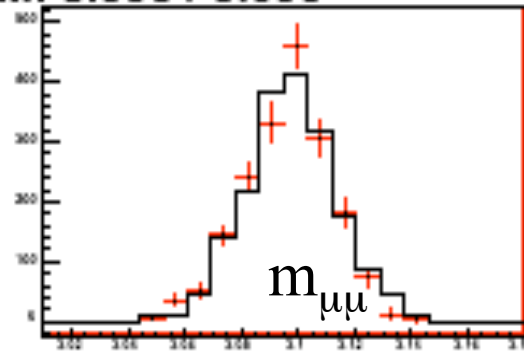
M: 0.036 / 0.039



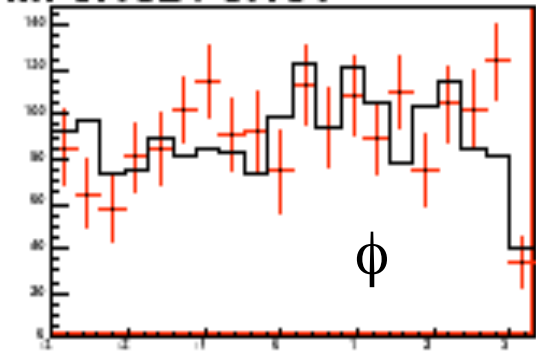
M: 6.972 / 7.016



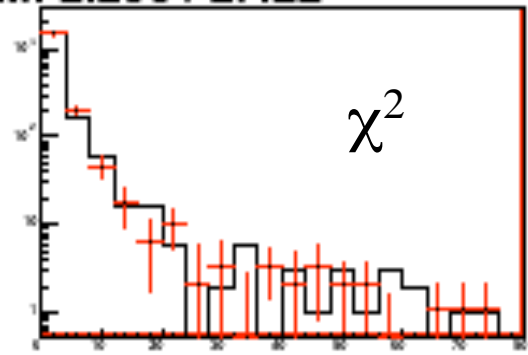
M: 3.098 / 3.099



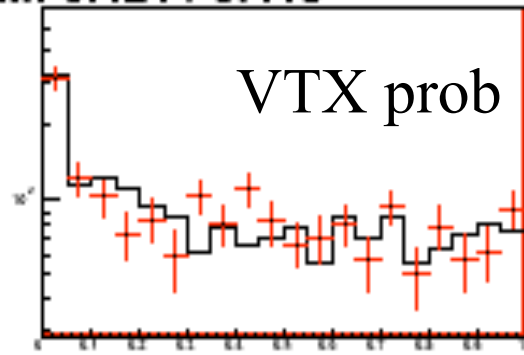
M: 0.152 / 0.151



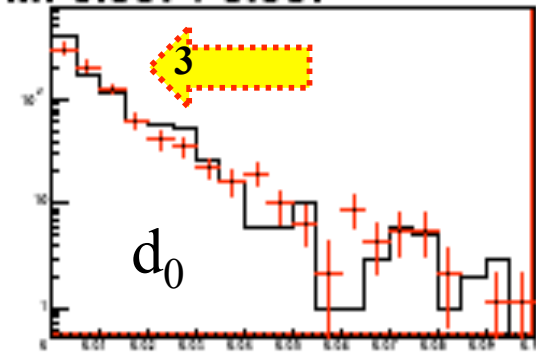
M: 2.296 / 2.422



M: 0.421 / 0.413

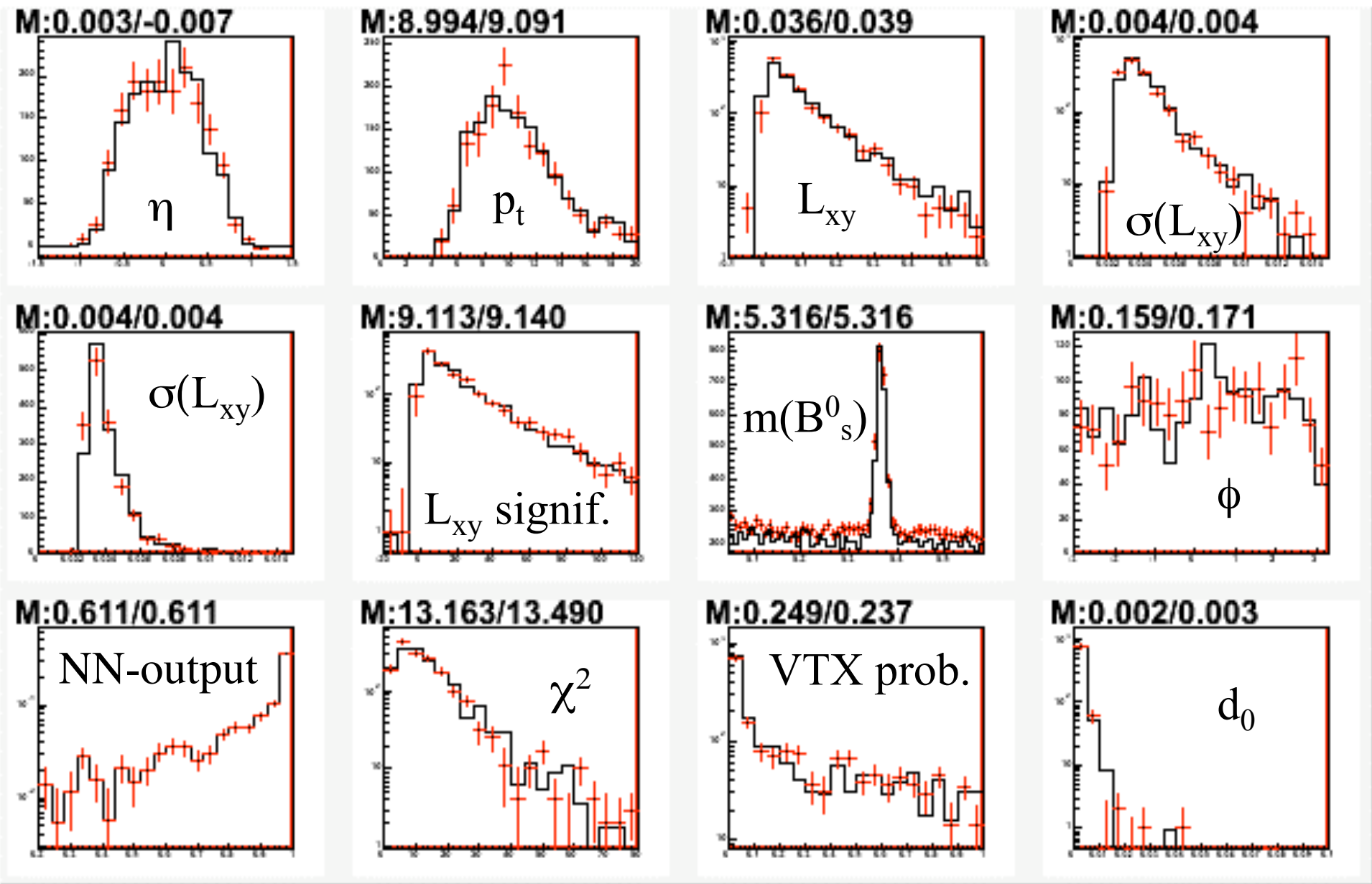


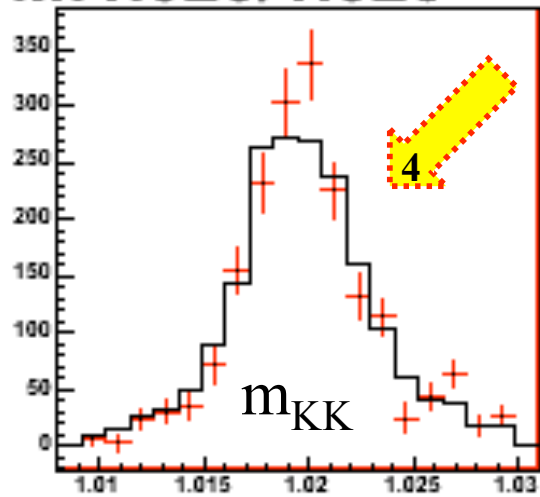
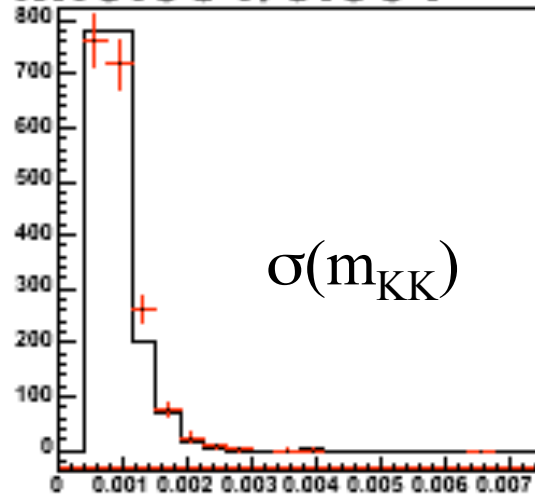
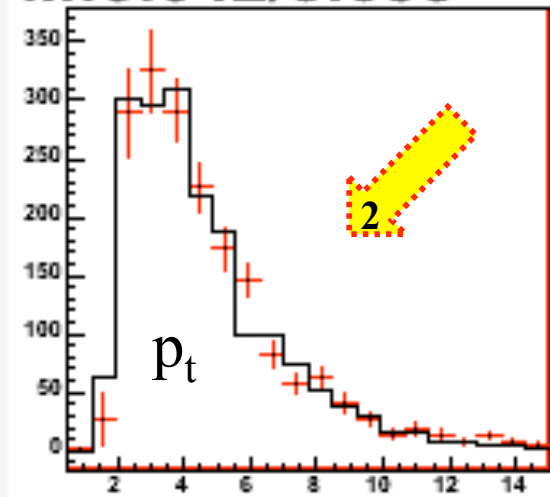
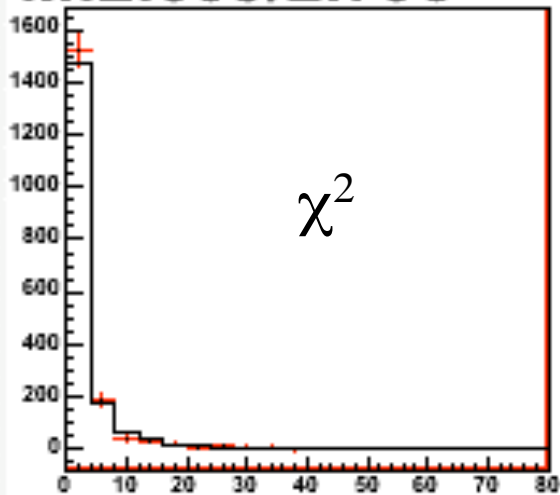
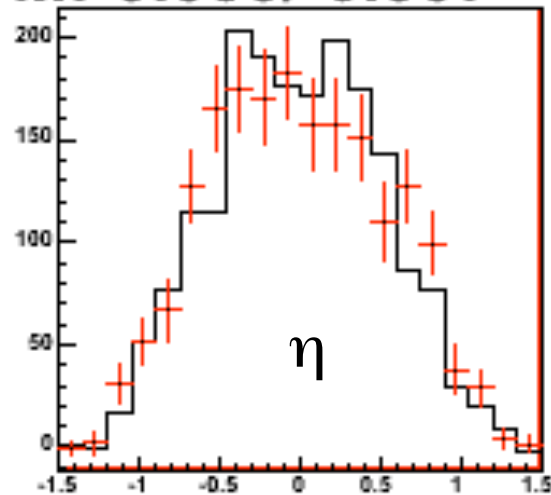
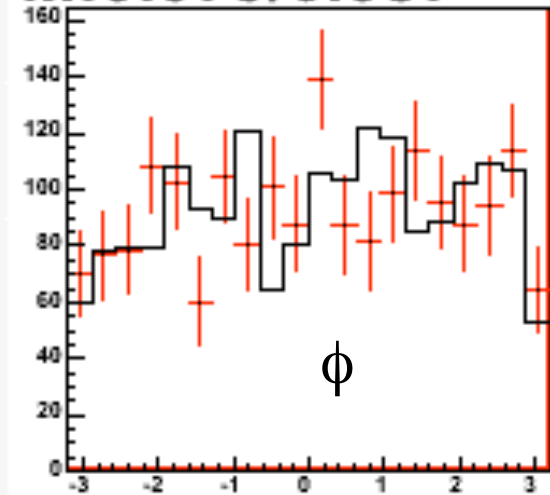
M: 0.007 / 0.007



$B_s^0$

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

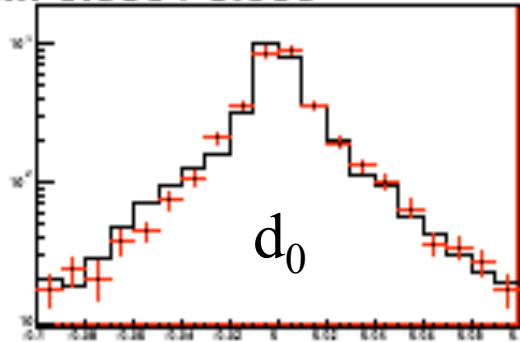


$\phi$ Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black***M:1.020/1.020****M:0.001/0.001****M:3.642/3.633****M:2.609/2.795****M:-0.000/-0.007****M:0.079/0.087**

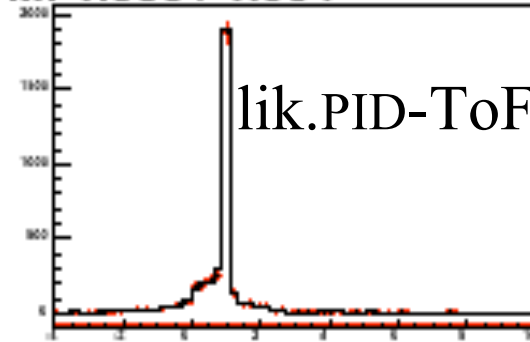
# Kaons from $\phi$ :

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

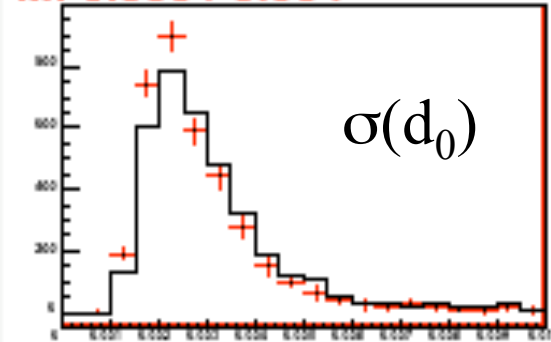
M: 0.000 / 0.000



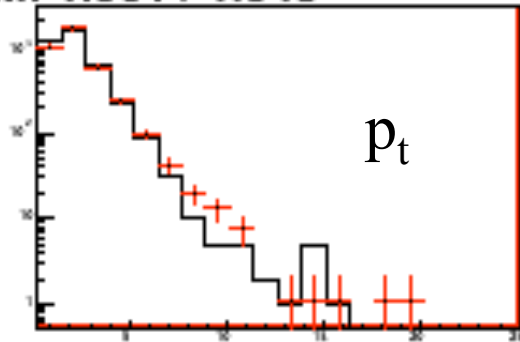
M: 1.056 / 1.054



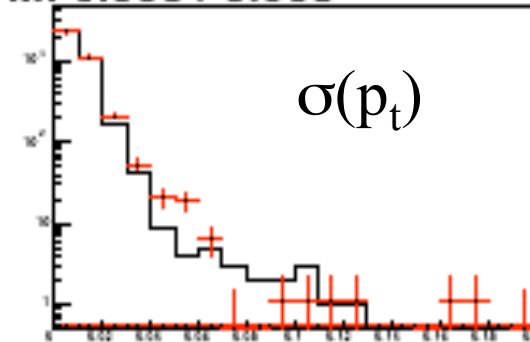
M: 0.003 / 0.004



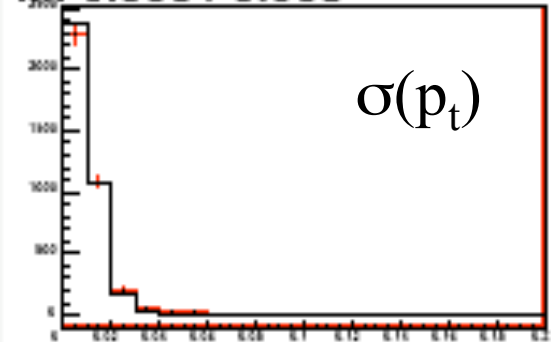
M: 1.861 / 1.848



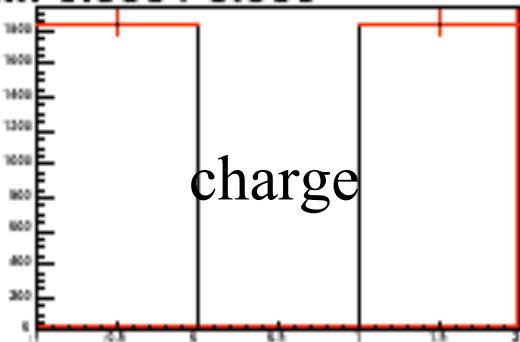
M: 0.008 / 0.008



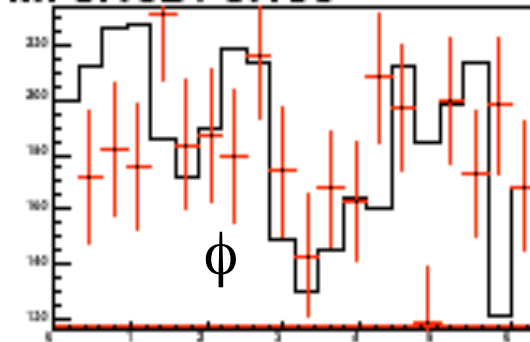
M: 0.008 / 0.008



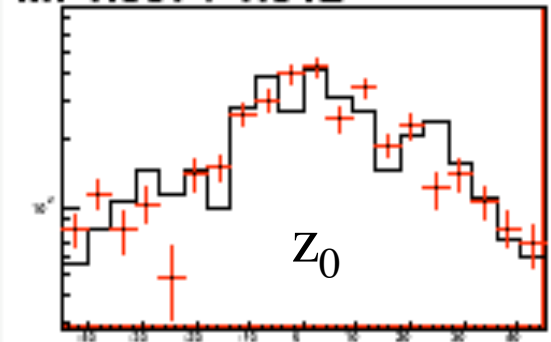
M: 0.000 / 0.000



M: 3.102 / 3.136



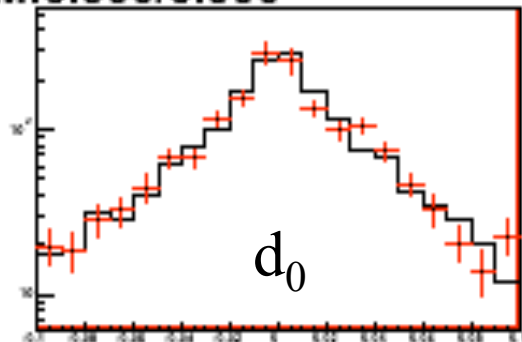
M: 1.397 / 1.512



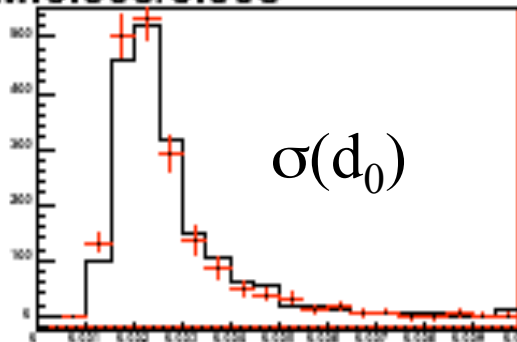
# +ive muons from $J/\psi$ :

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

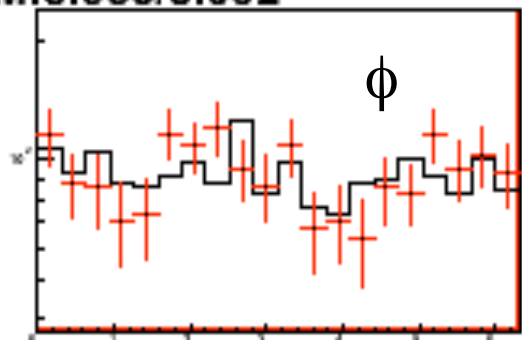
M:0.000/0.000



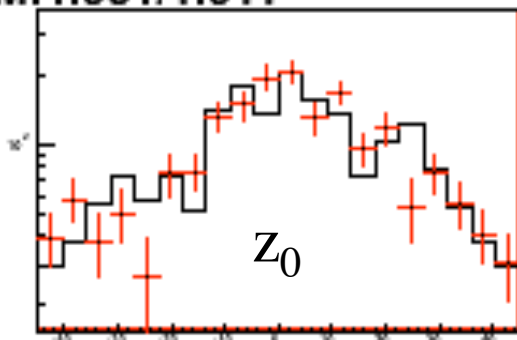
M:0.003/0.003



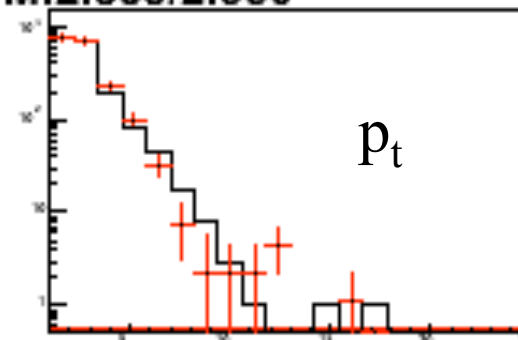
M:3.088/3.092



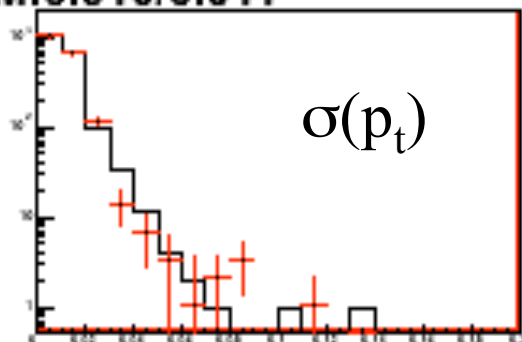
M:1.381/1.511



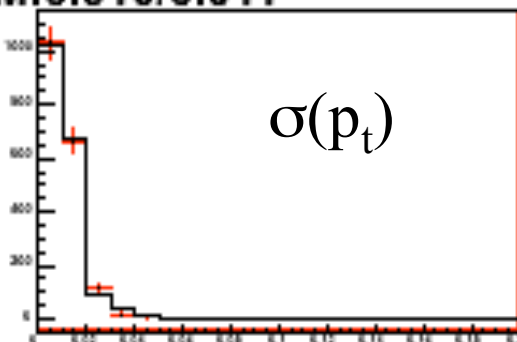
M:2.539/2.550



M:0.010/0.011



M:0.010/0.011

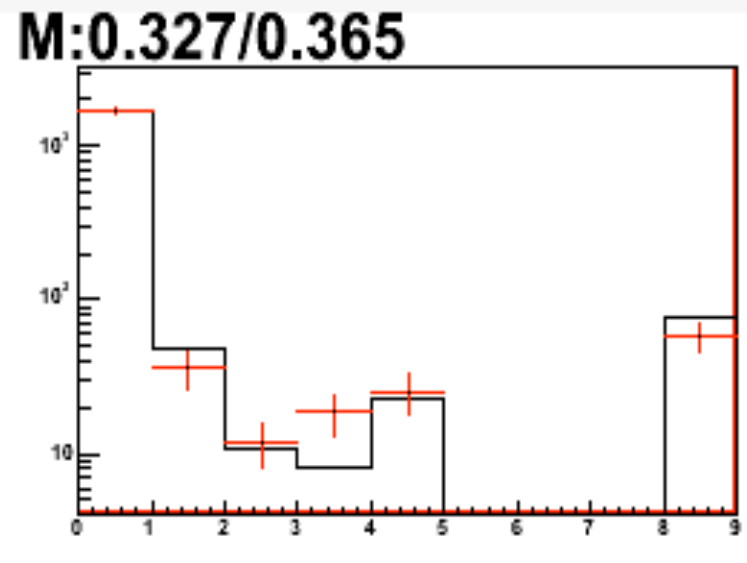
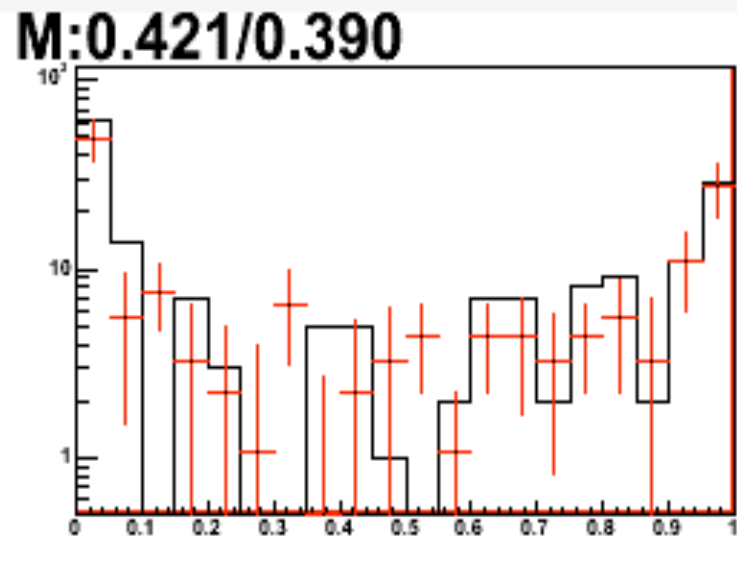
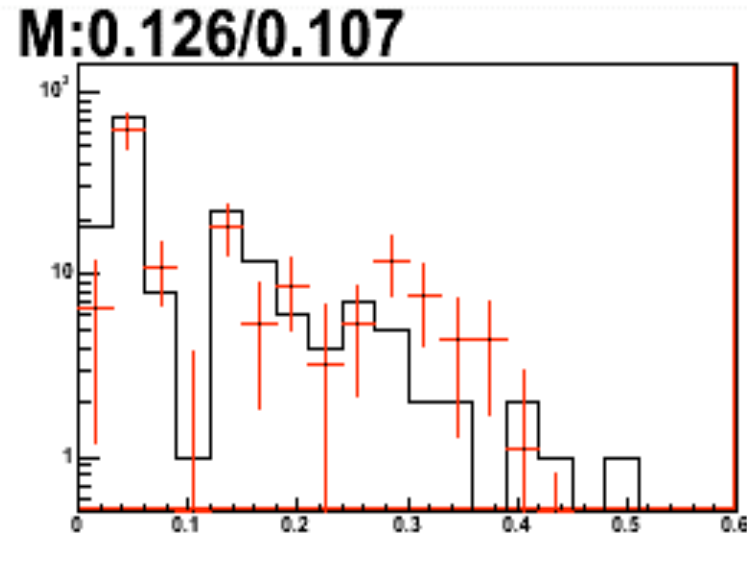
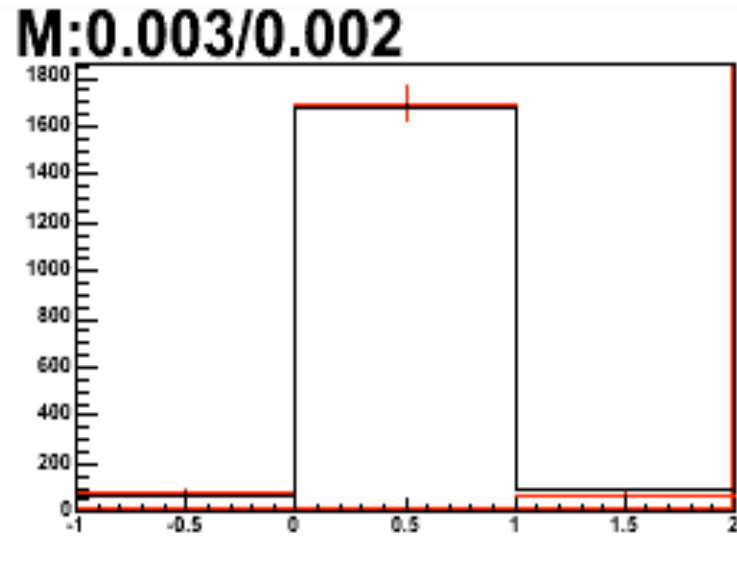


Taggers :

# Soft Muon Tagger

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

Order of variables: decision , dilution, likelihood, tag type

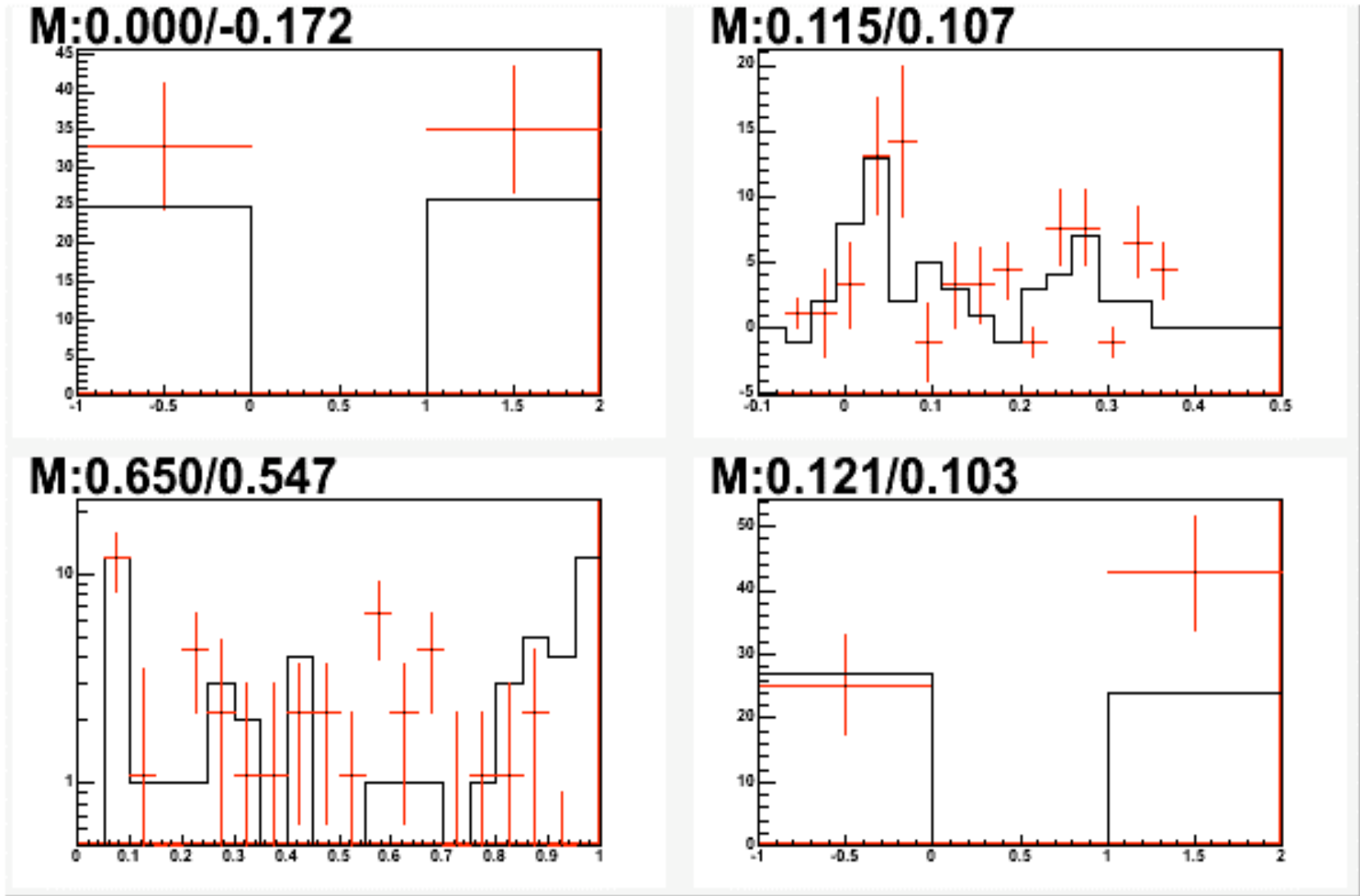




# Soft Electron Tagger

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

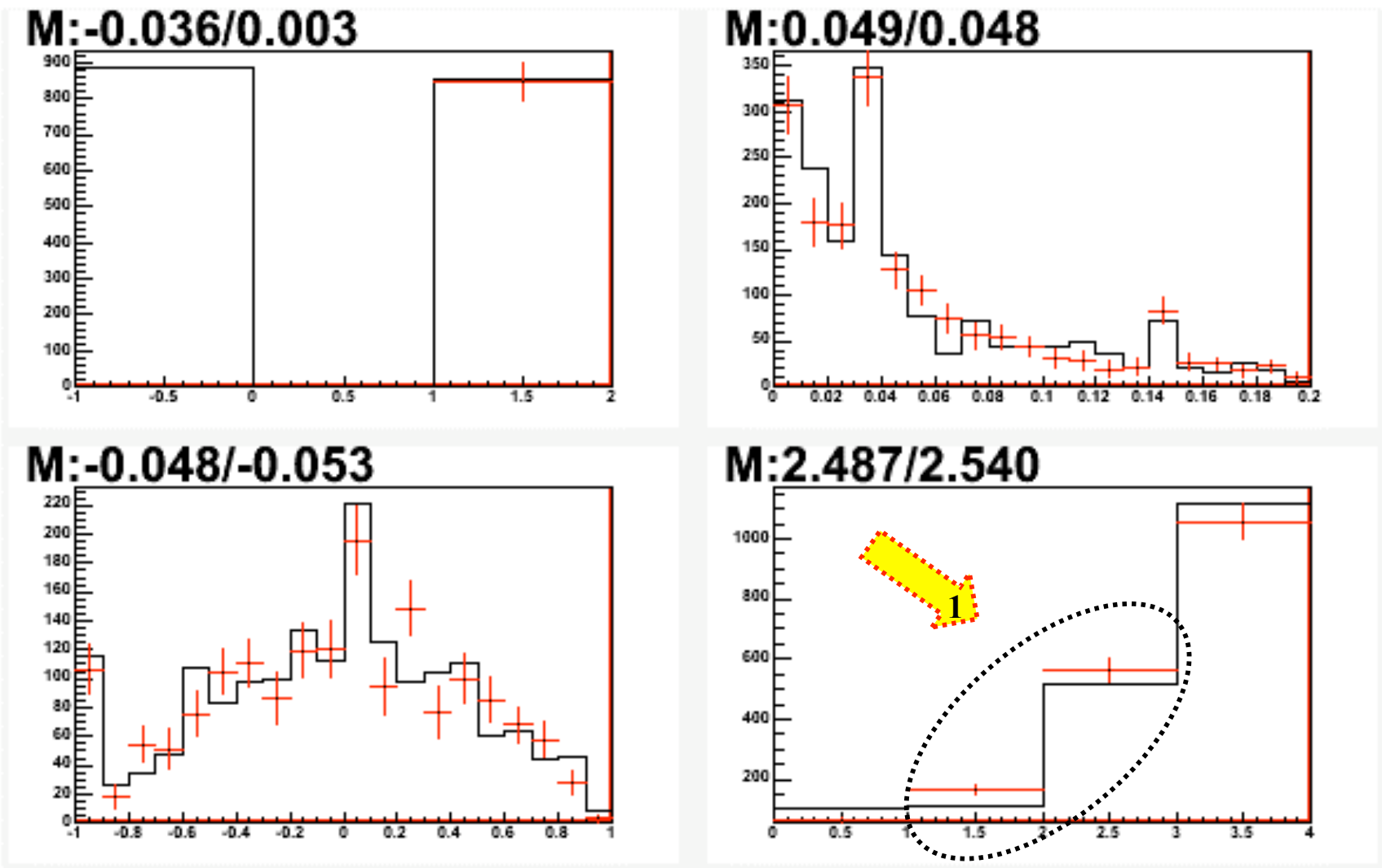
Order of variables: decision , dilution, likelihood, tag type



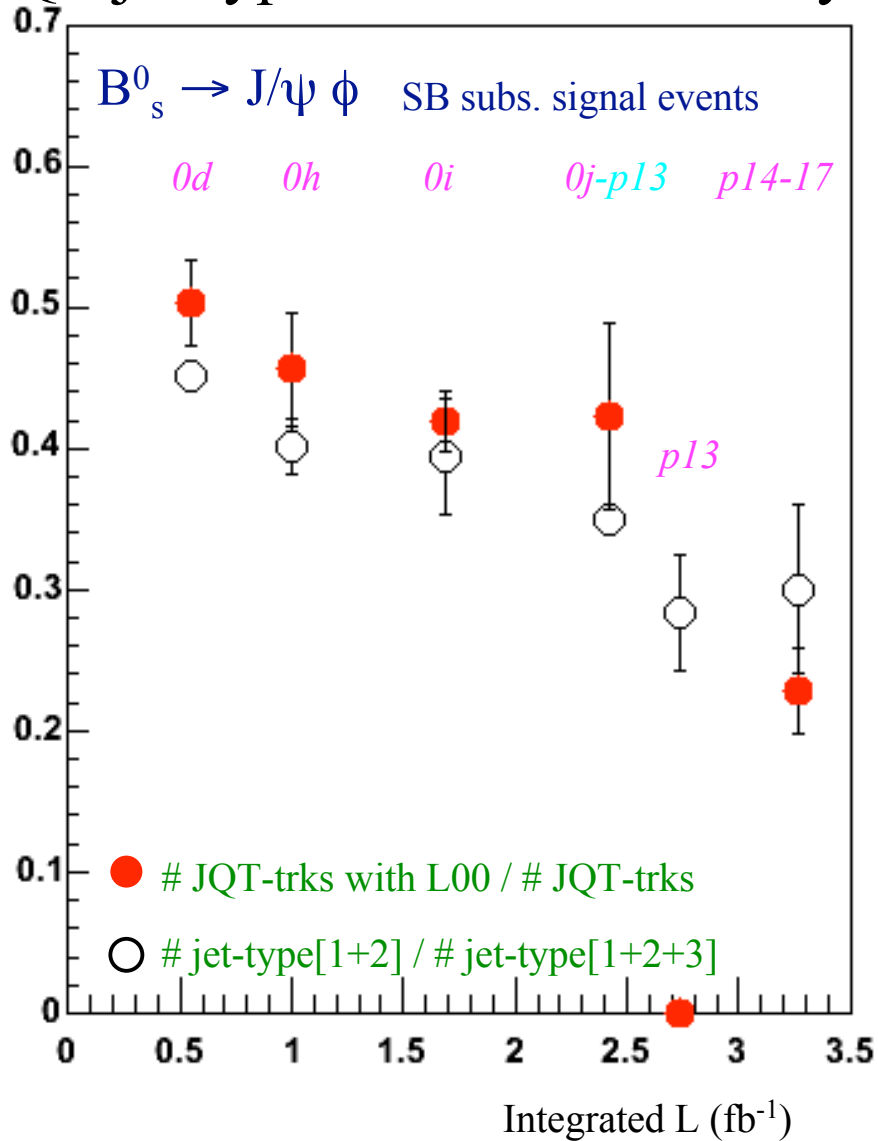
# Jet Charge Tagger

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

Order of variables: decision, dilution, jet-charge, tag type



# JQT jet-type vs. “L00 efficiency”



Errors reflect the difference between the results obtained at two sets of Signal/SB windows

SB1: 5.2861-5.3131  
Signal: 5.3400-5.3940  
SB2: 5.4211-5.4481

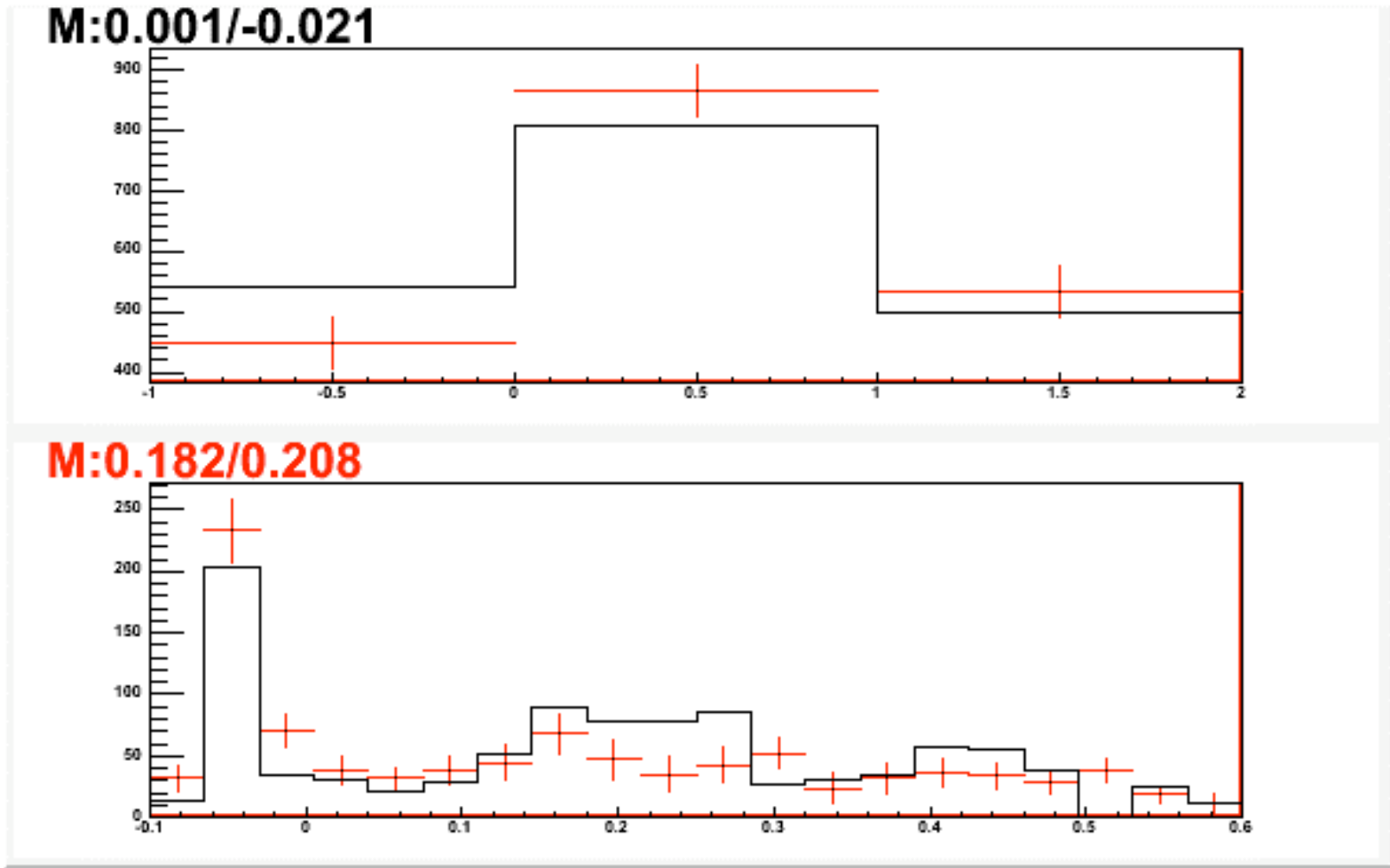
SB1: 5.175 - 5.202  
Signal: 5.3400-5.3940  
SB2: 5.547 - 5.575

⇒ The variation of the **JQT** performance **follows** approximately that of the **L00**

Same Side Tagger ( NN – SSKT )

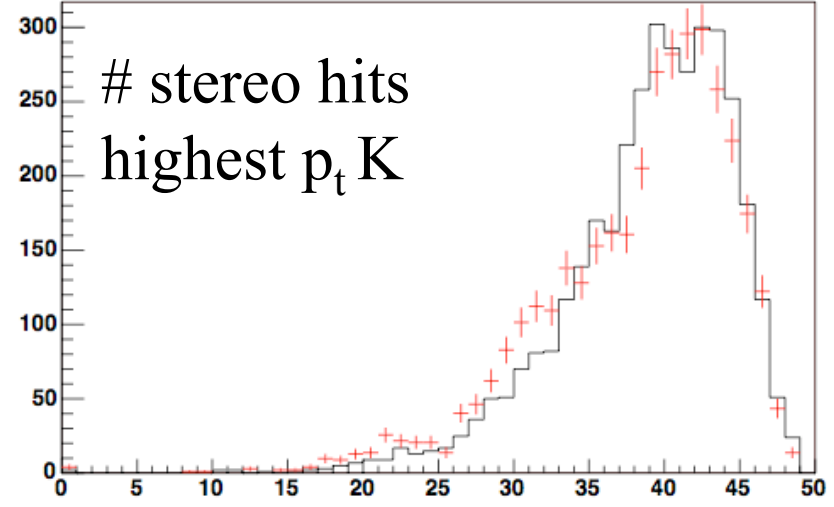
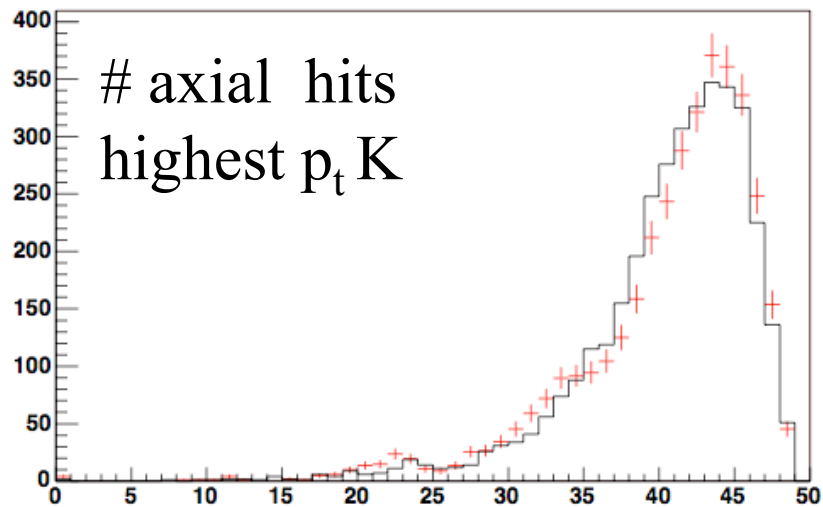
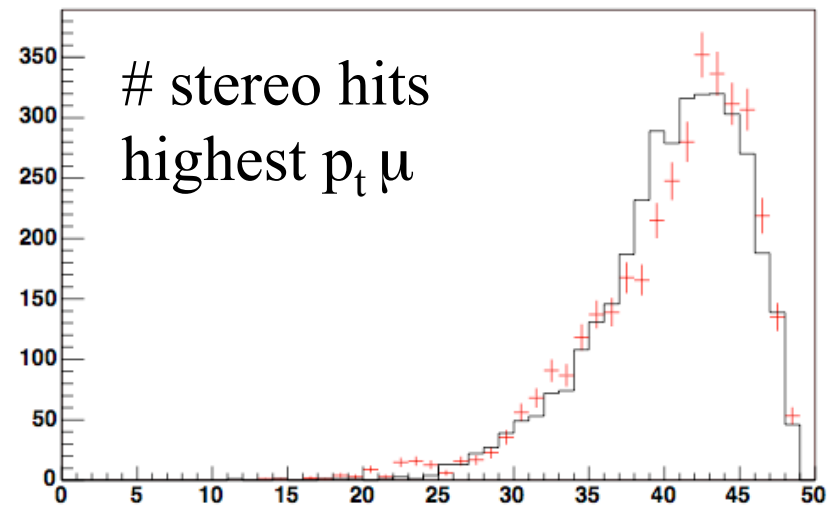
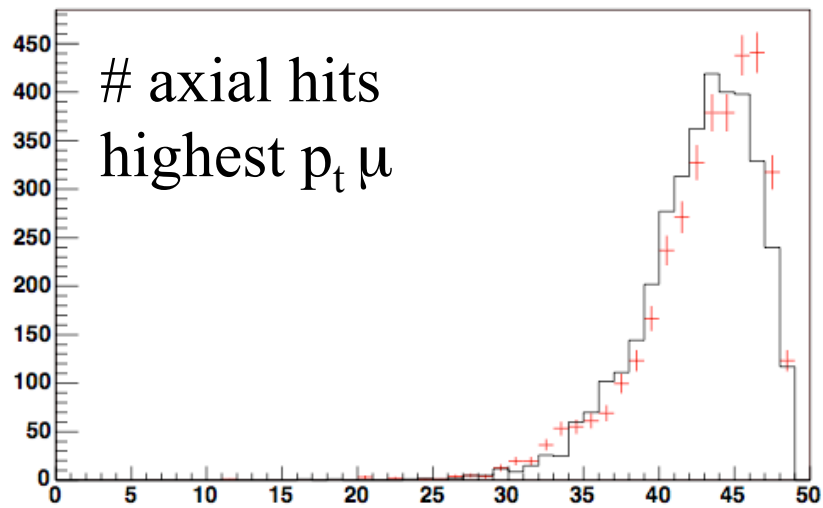
Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

Order of variables: decision, dilution



COT hits:

**B**It-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*



⇒  $L > 1.35$  data show wider, less peaked to higher values, distributions which may be a reflection of a higher density of charged tracks

Further analysis of  
some distributions:

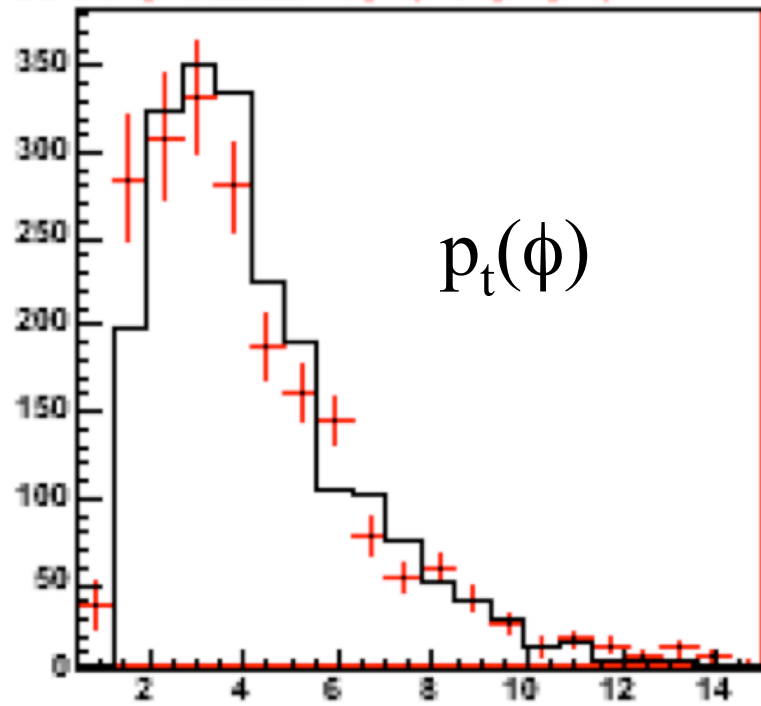


Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

⇒ The *use* of the bad-calibrated **PID** in the  $L > 1.35$  sample does produce some *effect* on  $p_t(\phi)$

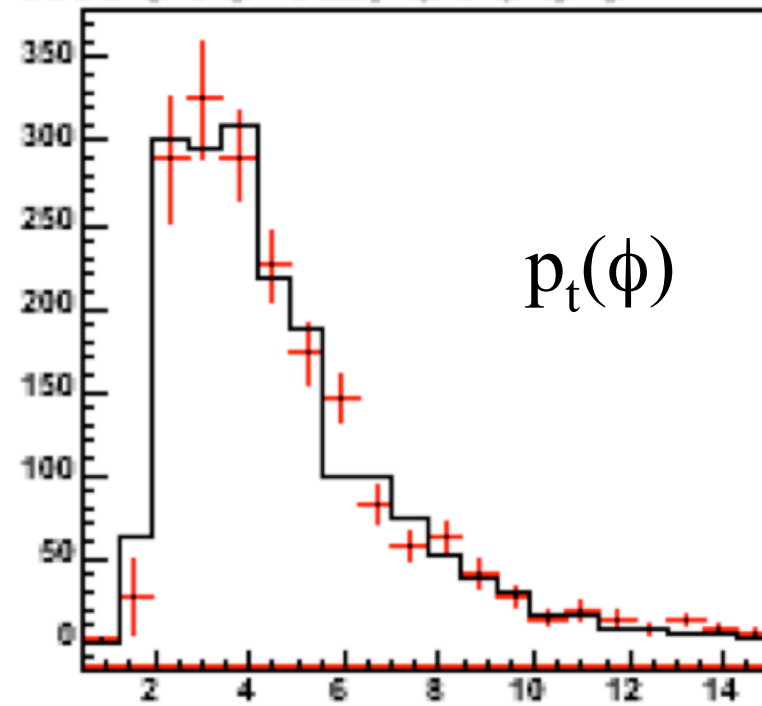
Bst, NN-**with**-PID, 0.6

**M:3.224/3.360**



Bst, NN-**without**-PID, 0.6

**M:3.642/3.633**







3

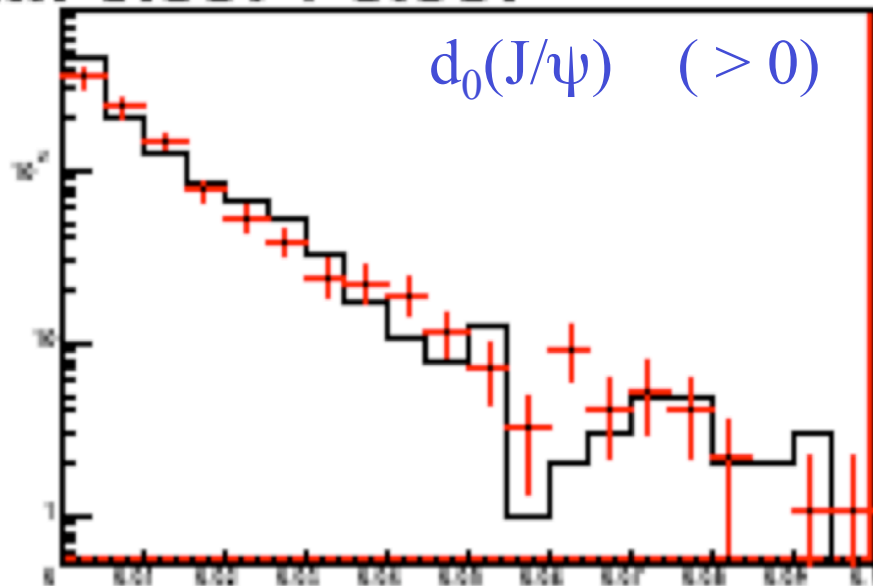
⇒ The **use** of the bad-calibrated **PID** in the  $L > 1.35$  sample does **not** produce a significant **effect** to the  $d_0$   $J/\psi$  distribution

Bst-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

2

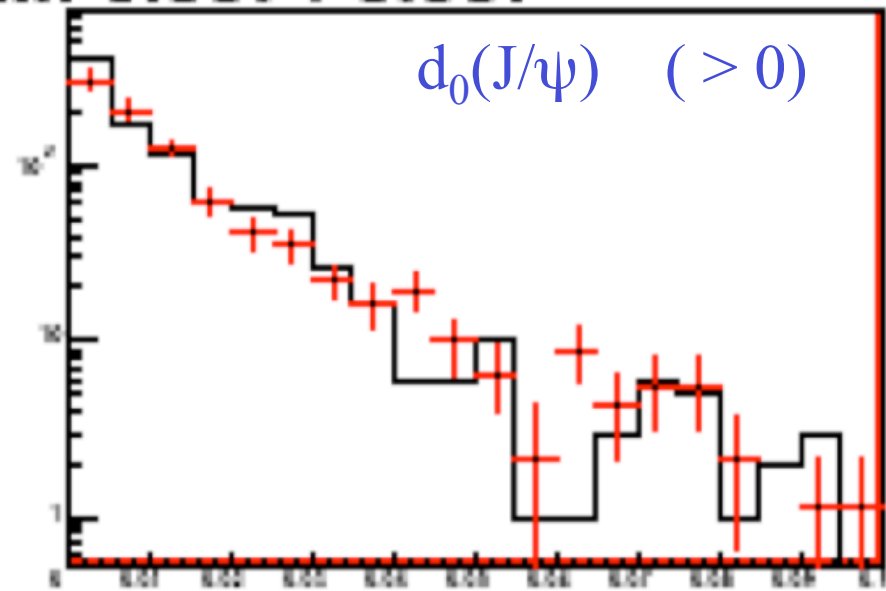
Bst, NN-**with**-PID, 0.6

M: 0.007 / 0.007



Bst, NN-**with**out-PID, 0.6

M: 0.007 / 0.007



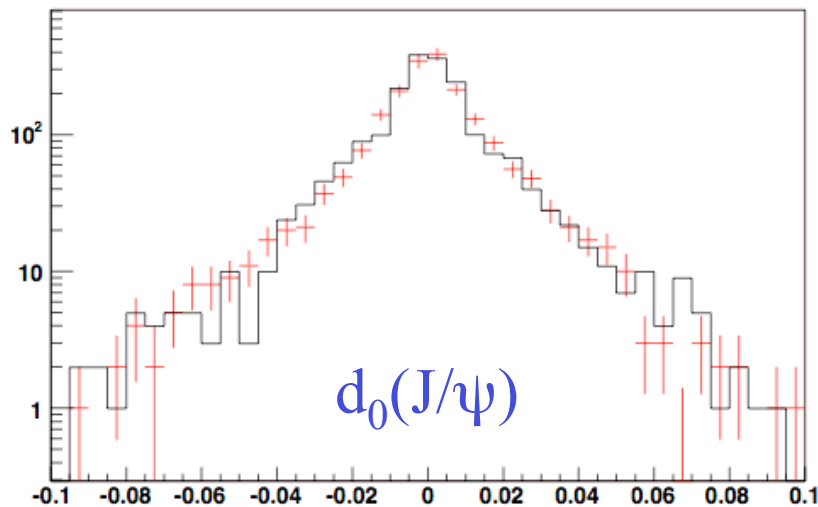


3

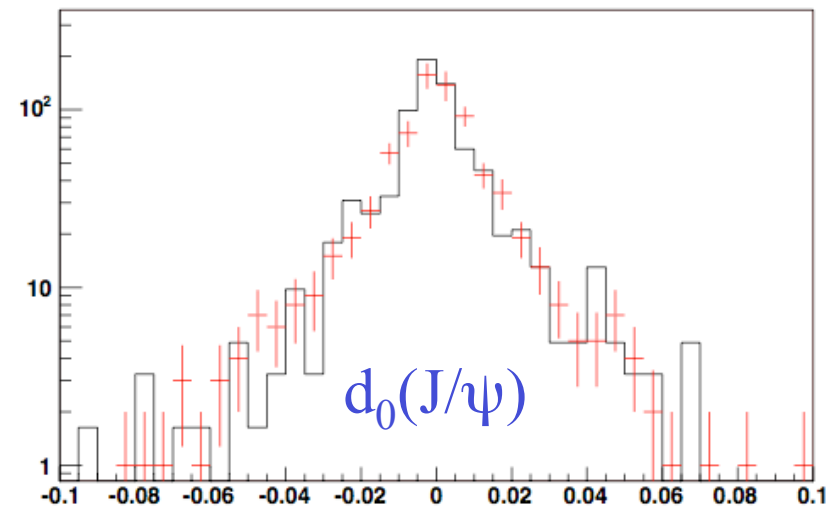
⇒ In addition, it seems that the lower **L00 hit** content of the  $\mu$  tracks in  $L > 1.35$  is playing also **no role** in the  $d_0(J/\psi)$  distribution

Bl-tuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

No L00-hit *require.*



The 2  $\mu$ ,s w/ L00-hit



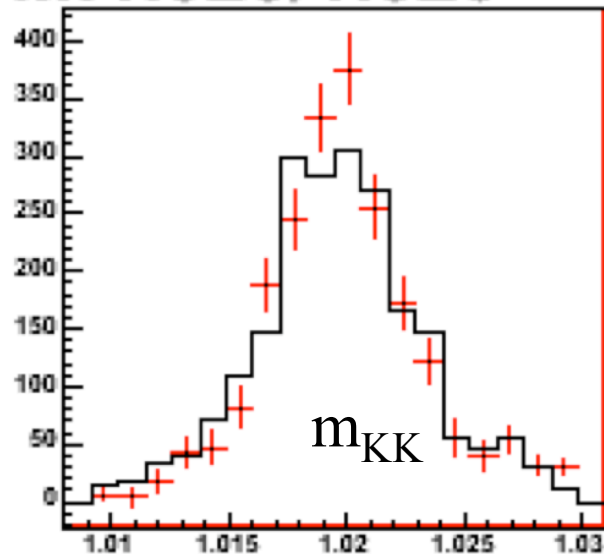


4

⇒ The **use** of the bad-calibrated **PID** in the  $L > 1.35$  sample does **not** produce a significant **effect** to the  $\phi$  mass distribution

Bst, NN-**with**-PID, 0.6

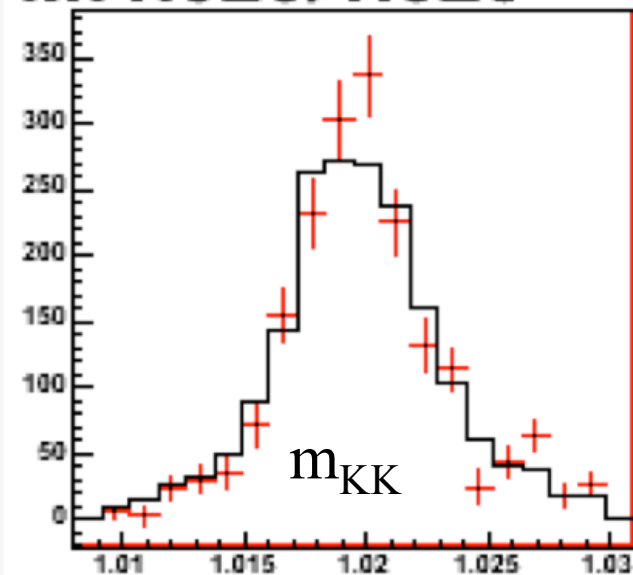
**M:1.020/1.020**



Bst-ntuples,  
 $L < 1.35$  *red*,  
 $L > 1.35$  *black*

Bst, NN-**with**out-PID, 0.6

**M:1.020/1.020**





4

⇒ In addition, it seems that the lower **L00 hit** content of the tracks in  $L > 1.35$  is playing also **no role** in the  $\phi$  mass distribution

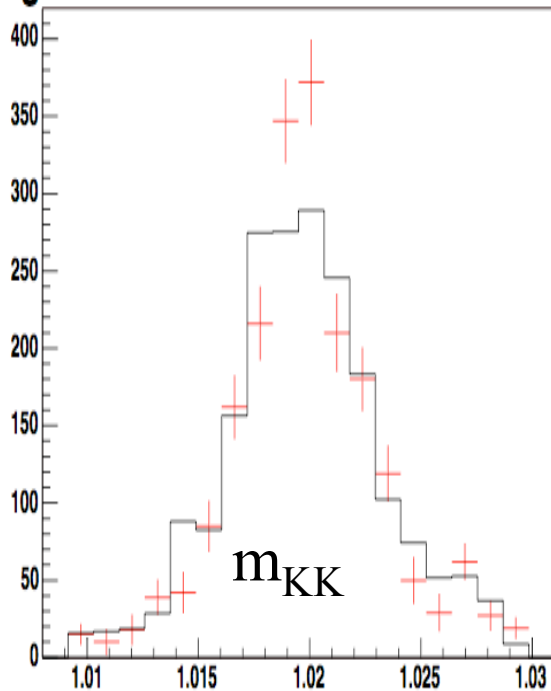
**Bl**t-ntuples 0.26,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*

No L00-hit *require.*

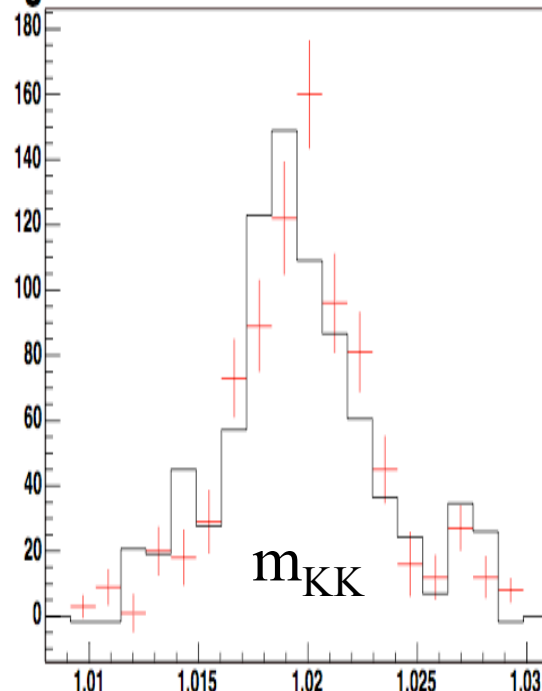
The 2  $K_s$  w/ L00-hit

The 2  $K_s$  *no* L00-hit

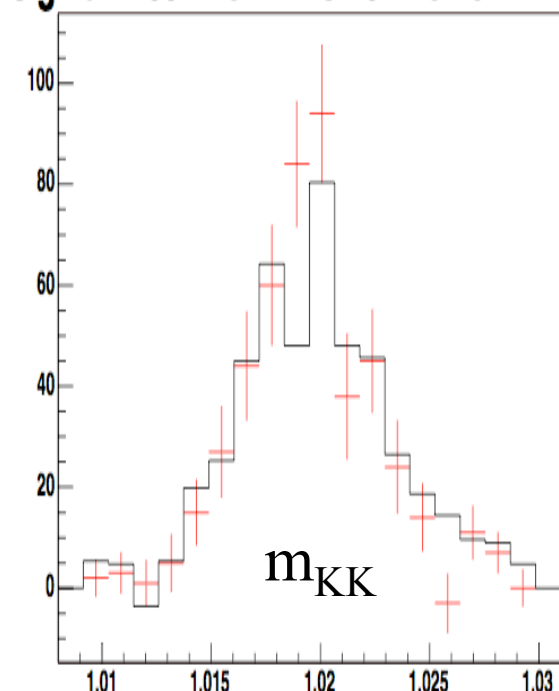
sigma:  $2.79 \pm 0.12 / 3.16 \pm 0.13$



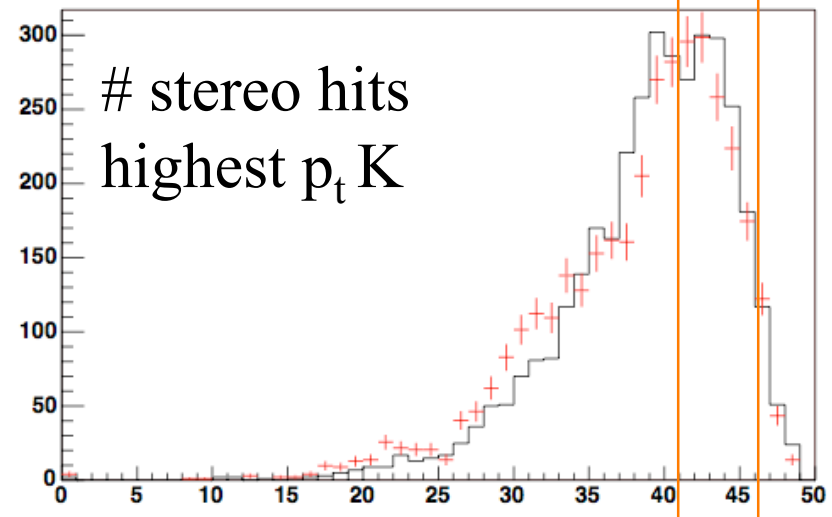
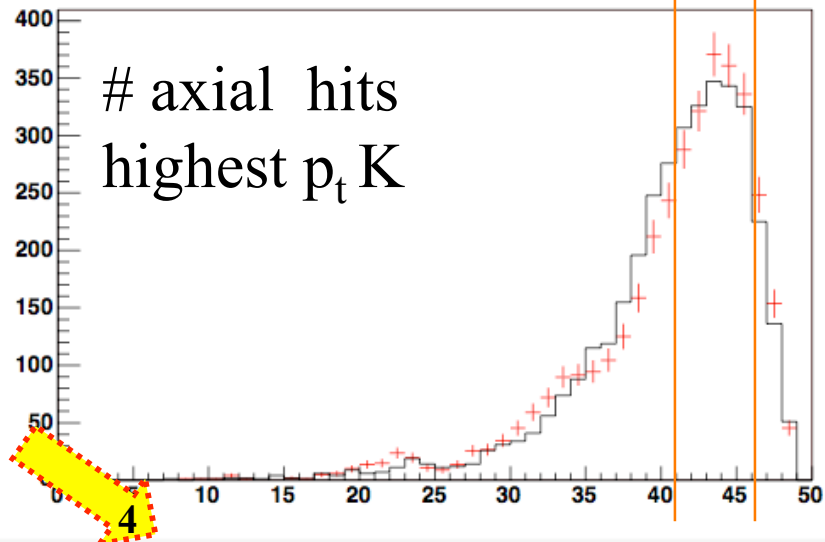
sigma:  $2.74 \pm 0.18 / 3.28 \pm 0.32$



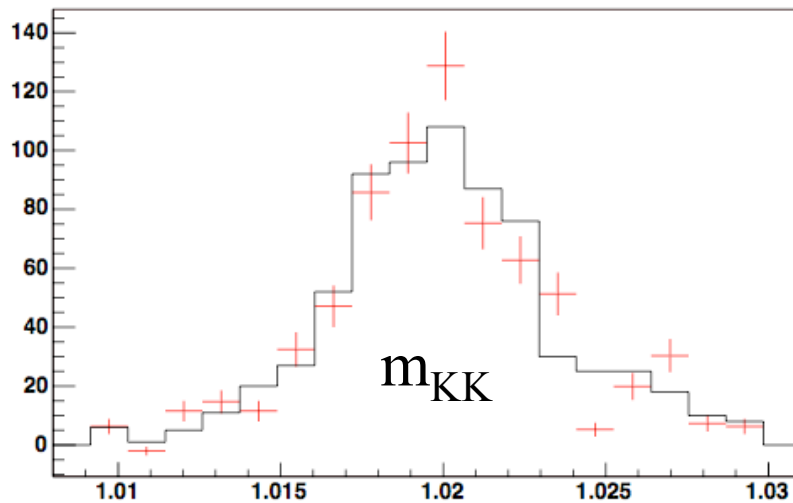
sigma:  $2.65 \pm 0.21 / 3.16 \pm 0.20$



Bit-ntuples,  $L < 1.35$  *red*,  $L > 1.35$  *black*



# (Axial+Stereo):  $82 < \text{hits} < 92$  highest  $p_t$  K  
 $80 < \text{hits} < 90$  the 2<sup>nd</sup> K



⇒ restricting to the same number of COT hits seems to help in the comparison; however the statistics is poor