

Underground Canfranc Laboratory

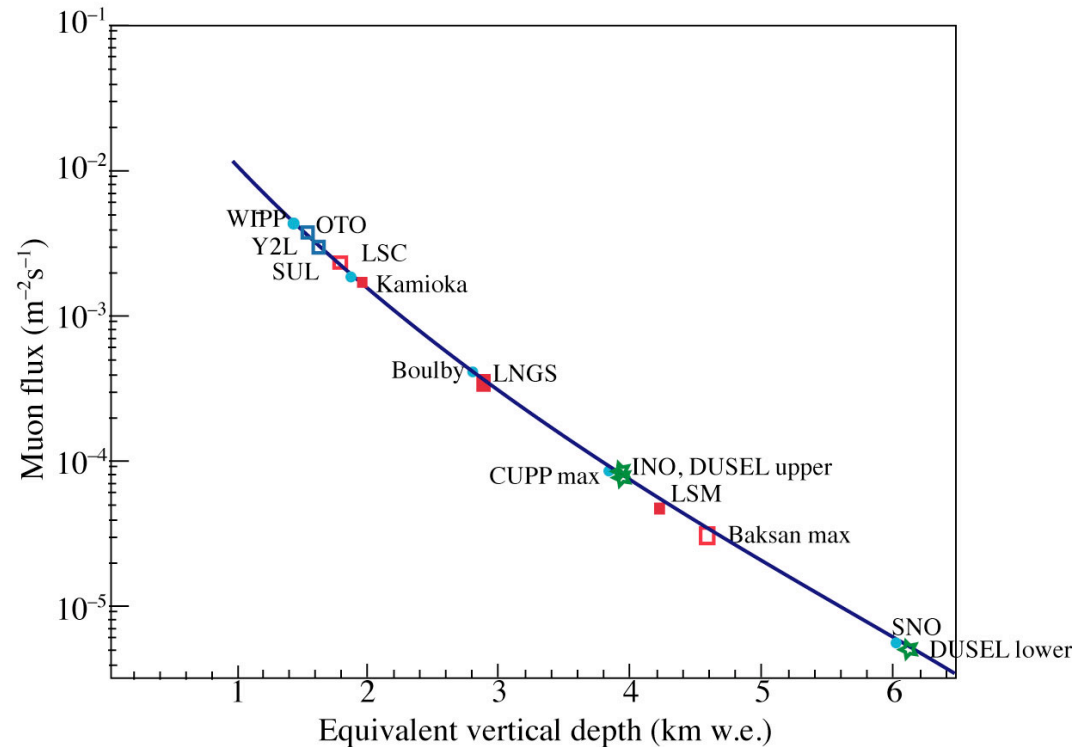
LSC

Laboratorio Subterráneo de Canfranc

Luis Labarga (University Autonoma Madrid)

[from A.Bettini, "The World Underground Scientific Facilities, a compendium", hep-exp:0712.1051]

Some technical characteristics:



Type of access. Interference with nearby activities

Horizontal, two tunnels (freeway and dismissed railway/safety tunnel). Entrance must be communicated to the freeway tunnel control

Rock coverage (metres of rock), muon flux, neutron flux, radon activity (average with ventilation)

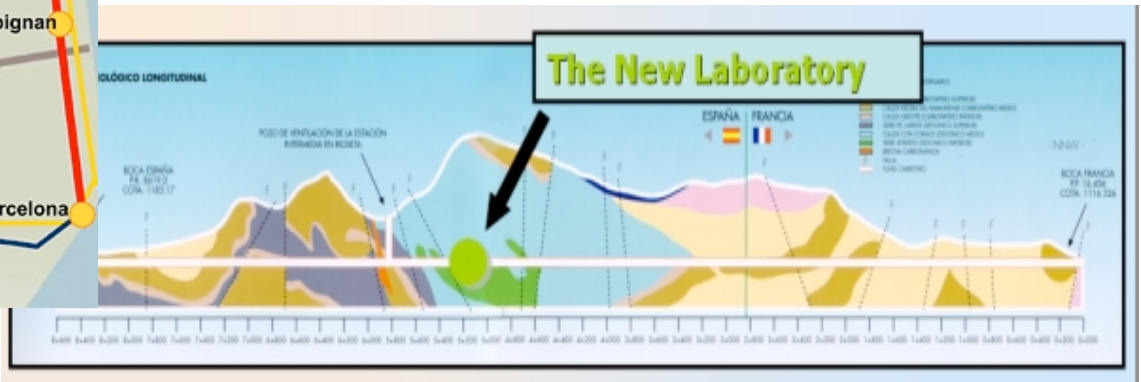
Maximum rock coverage: 850 m (2.4 km w.e.); muon flux $2 \times 10^{-3} - 4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ depending of the location; neutron flux $2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$; Radon in the air: 50-80 Bq/m³

Ventilation power (time to change one lab volume)

11 000 m³/h; time to change one volume of the laboratory is 40'.

Installed electrical power and available heat exhaust per unit time

Electrical power: 500 kW; exhaust capacity > 500 kW.



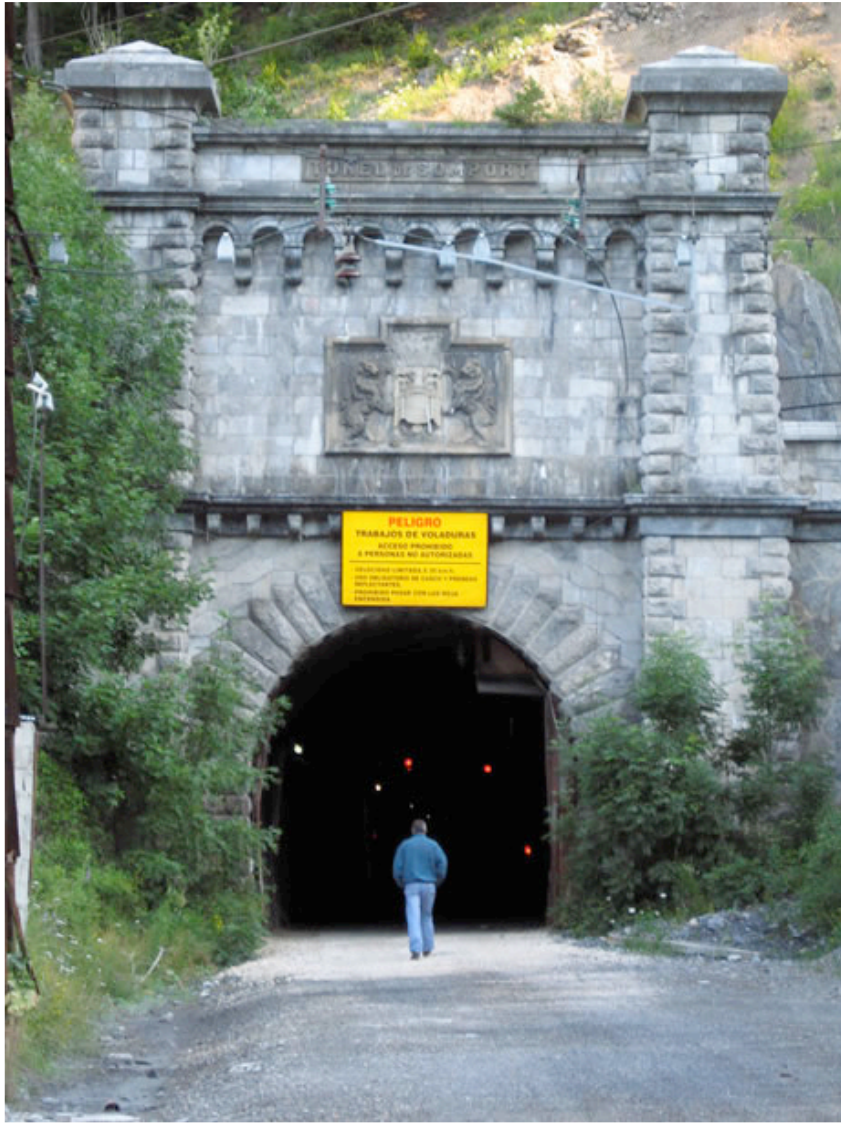
Some Past and Present history:

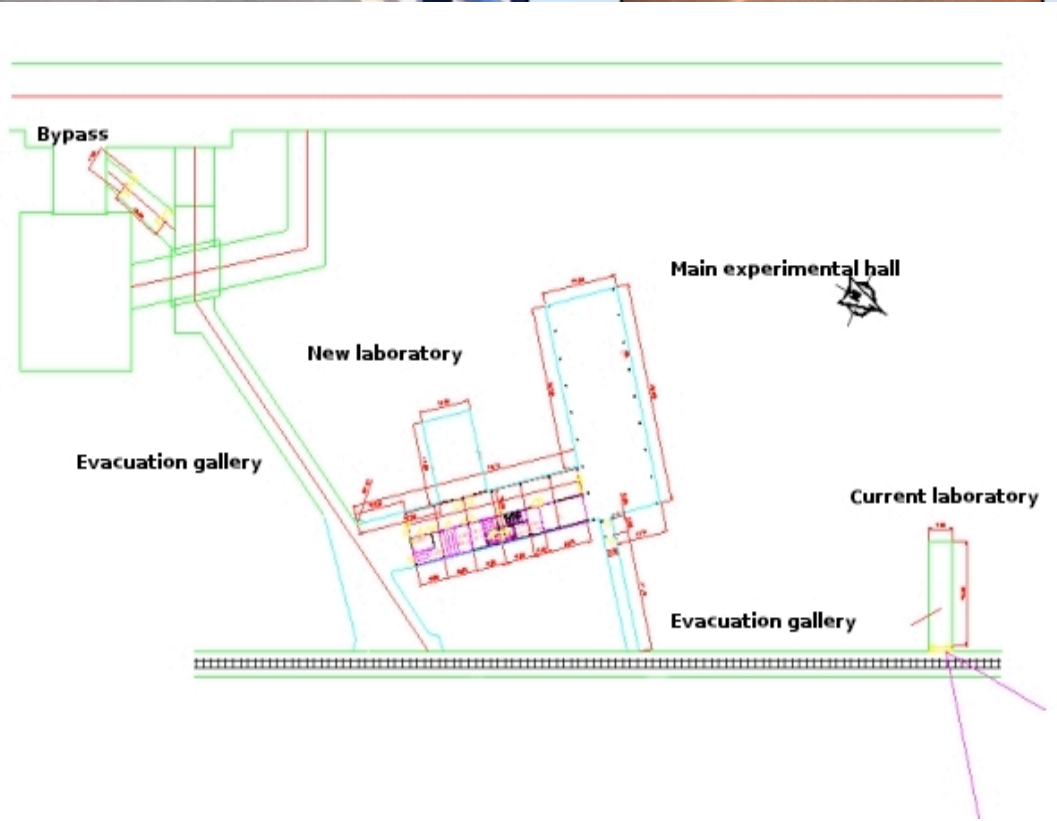
The first underground facility under the Pyrenees, close to a dismissed railway tunnel, was created in the 1980s by A. Morales and the Nuclear and High-Energy Physics Department of the Saragossa University. Taking profit of the excavation of a parallel road tunnel, the new laboratory was later built. The underground structures have been completed in 2005. However, more recently a few design and construction defects have emerged and the necessary reparation works are under way, to be completed by 2009.

Some policy et al.:

LSC is managed by a Consortium between the Spanish Ministry for Education and Science, the Government of Aragon and the University of Saragossa. The surface building has been funded and is presently being designed. It will contain headquarters, administration, library, meeting room, offices, laboratories, storages and a mechanical workshop, safety structures and management, for a total of approximately 1500 m². A dozen of employees are being hired. In the process of approval of the proposals, an international Scientific Committee advises the Director,

Director: Alessandro Bettini; Bettini@pd.infn.it





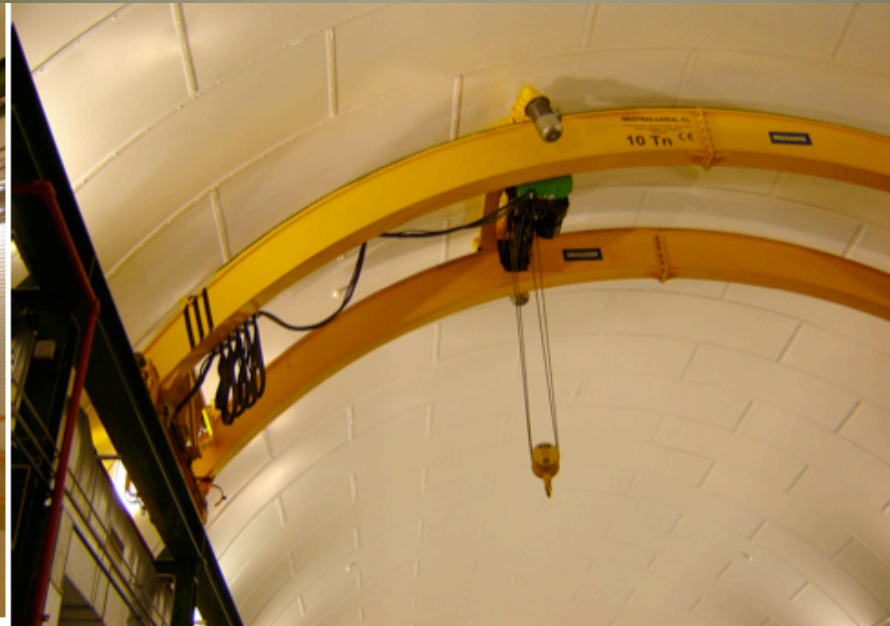
Hall A

40x15x12 600 m²



2/19/08

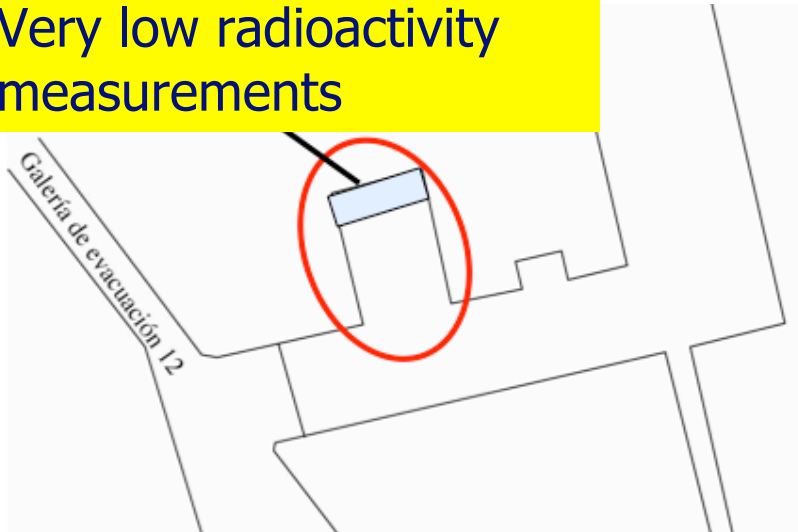
A. Bettini. INFN



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Halls B and C

Hall C:
Very low radioactivity
measurements



15x10x8 m³ 100+50 m²



Gallery: clean room & services



Emergency exit



Connection to the safety
(railway) gallery and bay area



The following **experimental proposals** have been submitted, discussed in the Scientific Committee and are presently in different stages of approval:

- the ANAIS proposed search for the annual modulation of Cold **Dark-Matter**
 - the ArDM **Dark-Matter** search with a liquid Ar TPC,
 - the ROSEBUD test facility for **bolometer R&D** to support European cryogenic detectors
 - the BiPo test series in view of the super-NEMO program for $0\nu 2\beta$
 - the NEXT proposal for a time-projection-chamber for $0\nu 2\beta$
 - the ULTIMA ultra cold prototype detector for the search the **super-fluid phase** of a $3\text{He}-4\text{He}$ mixture.
- ⇒ An enlargement of the laboratory to host next-generation nuclear astrophysics experiments and the potentiality of the underground environment for **geological** and **biological** sciences are under study

About the LAGUNA characterization study:

The LSC does not have its own Geotechnic Department and therefore the Characterization-Feasibility Study will be subcontracted to one outside company. This will be chosen between at least three candidates after the mandatory tendering procedure within the Spanish Law. We have identified and contacted three geotechnical companies in Spain that apparently are able to do the job and have explicitly shown their interest on it. They are a) "STMR S.L." which has participated in some crucial phases of the construction of the current LSC, b) "GEOCONSULT-España, Ingenieros Consultores S.A." which accredits the design and construction-supervision of caverns with volumes of the same order of magnitude as required in LAGUNA (mainly for mining purposes), and c) "GEOCONTROL S.A." which accredits the design of large caverns for several hydraulic power plants both in Portugal and Spain.

we have not given up to convince you that LSC should get the same amount of money as some of our industrial partners: they will do exactly the same job for their corresponding laboratory that the one by the company selected from the three above for the LSC

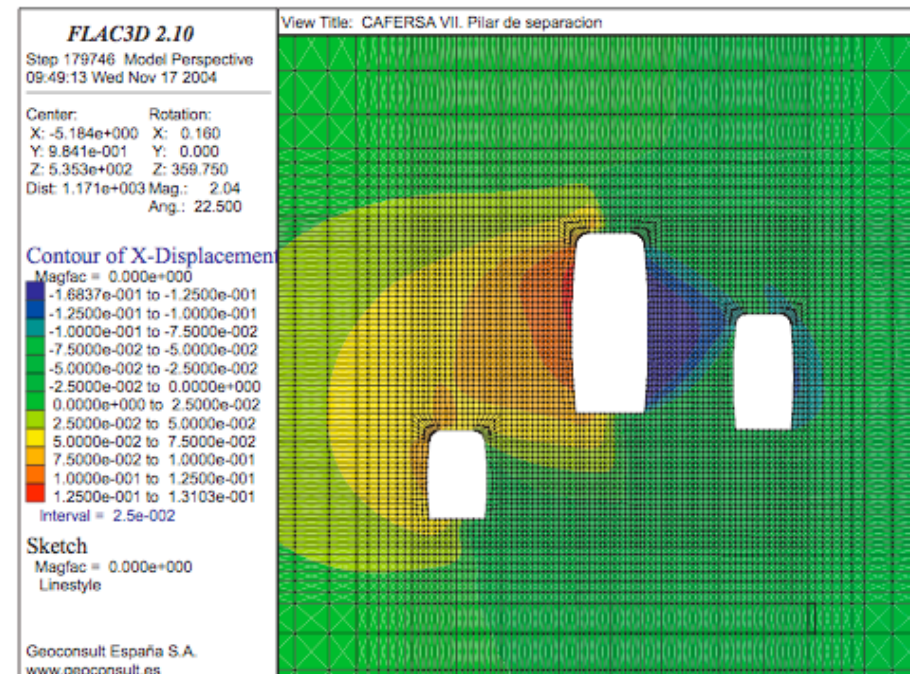
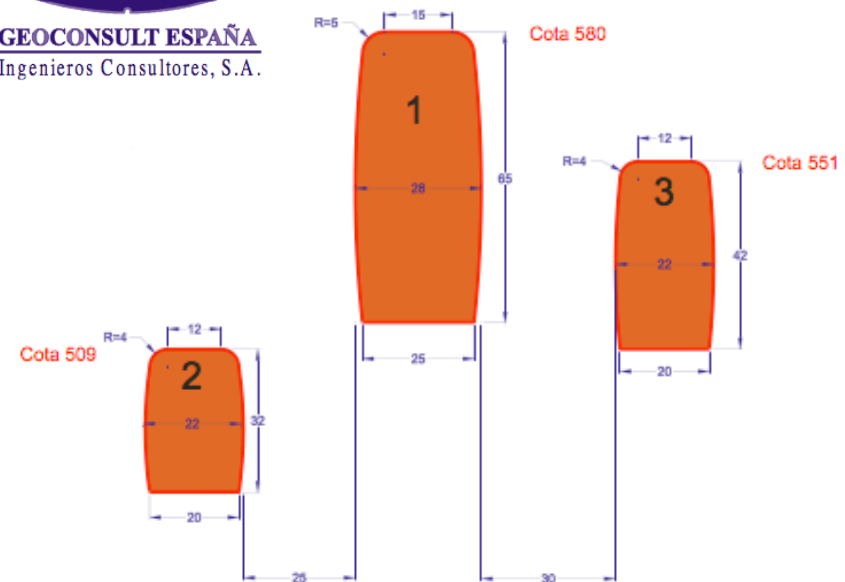
CAVERNA SUBTERRANEA «A FRAGUÑA»

Dimensiones:

Caverna 1: 28 m Ancho, 65 m Alto y 120 m Largo

Caverna 2: 22 m Ancho, 32 m Alto

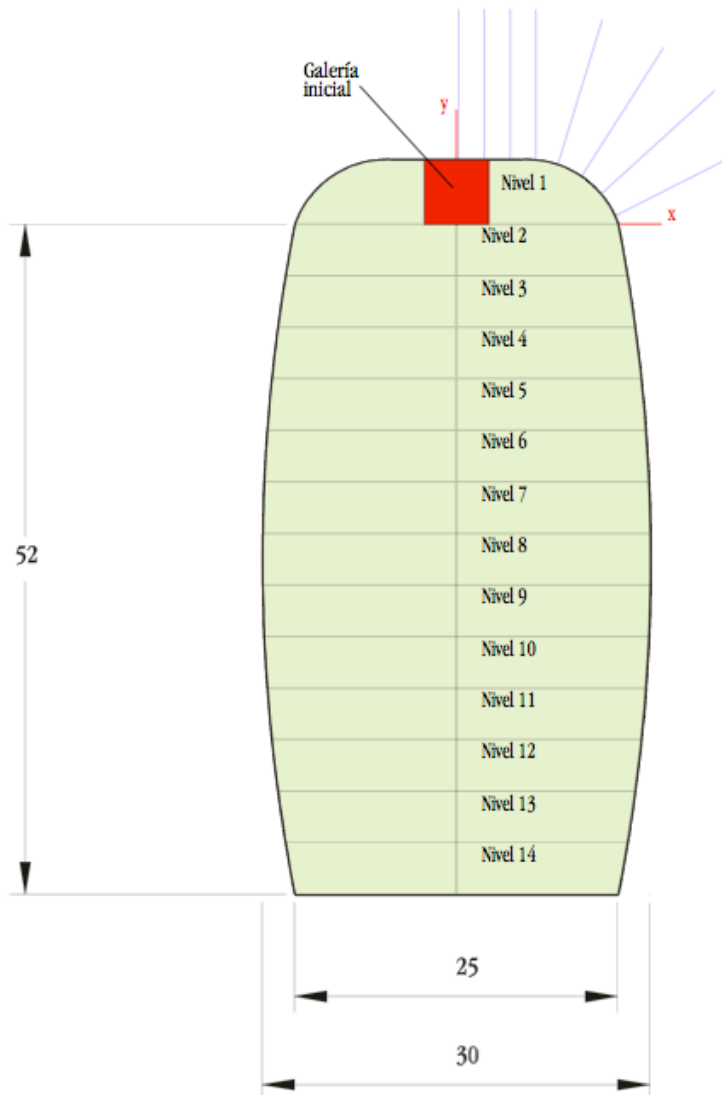
Caverna 3: 22 m Ancho, 42 m Alto



CAVERNA SUBTERRANEA «A FRAGUIÑA»



GEOCONSULT ESPAÑA
Ingenieros Consultores, S.A.



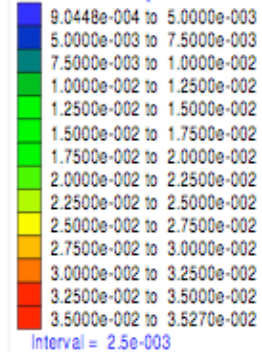
FLAC3D 2.00

Step 142476 Model Perspective
12:57:11 Mon Sep 10 2001

Center: Rotation:
X: 2.340e+001 X: 0.000
Y: -2.427e+000 Y: 0.000
Z: -2.783e+001 Z: 0.000
Dist: 9.621e+002 Mag.: 3.29
 Ang.: 22.500

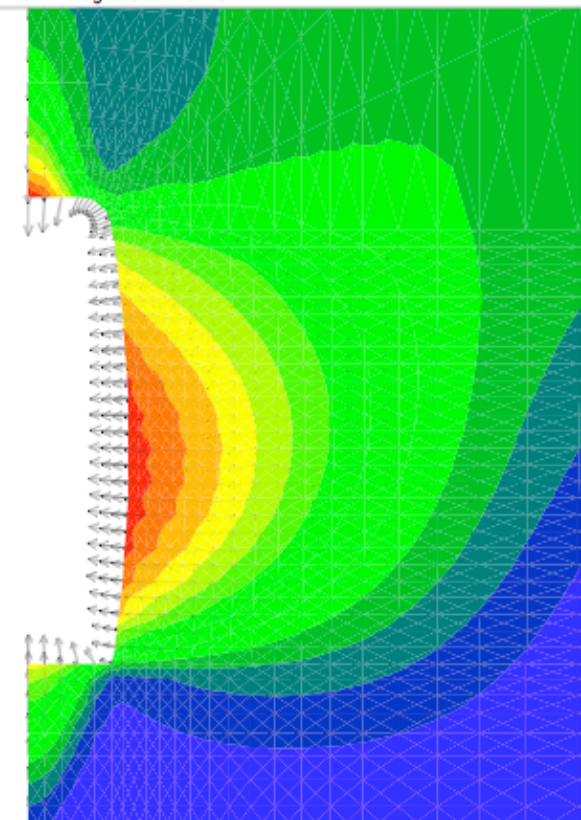
Displacement
Maximum = 3.527e-002
Linestyle

Contour of Displacement Mag.



GEOCONSULT
Ingenieros Consultores, S.A.

View Title: CAFERSA. Mina 'A Fraguña'. Nivel 13



CAVERNA SUBTERRANEA «A FRAGUIÑA»



GEOCONSULT ESPAÑA
Ingenieros Consultores, S.A.



Last but not least ...

... in the case of similar scientific, economical, environmental characteristics ...

one may further consider that the technicians, engineers, scientists, etc. may relax after duty in the two excellent sky resorts in the nearby (< 3 Km) **Candanchú** and **Astún**

