

# Valencian Invisibles



# UVEG-IFIC



CONSEJO SUPERIOR  
DE INVESTIGACIONES  
CIENTÍFICAS

Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics

~130 experimentalists  
~90 theorists



- Phenomenology
- Nuclear theory
- Astroparticle, Cosmology
- Gravity and string theory
- LHC-ATLAS
- T2K, MiniBOONE, NEXT
- Antares, Km<sup>3</sup>, Auger
- FAIR

# Invisibles (Theory)

## Seniors:

- G. Baremboim
- A. Donini
- P. Hernández
- O. Mena
- S. Palomares-Ruiz
- C. Peña-Garay
- N. Rius
- R. Ruiz de Austri

## Postdocs

- S. Agarwalla
- T. Li
- J. Racker
- A Vincent (Invisibles ESR)

## Students:

- E. Giusarma
- J. Herrero
- M. Peña-Jimenez
- F. Villaescusa
- M. Cerdà

# Invisibles (Exp)

## Seniors:

- A. Cervera
- J. Gómez-Cadenas
- M. Sorel

## Postdocs

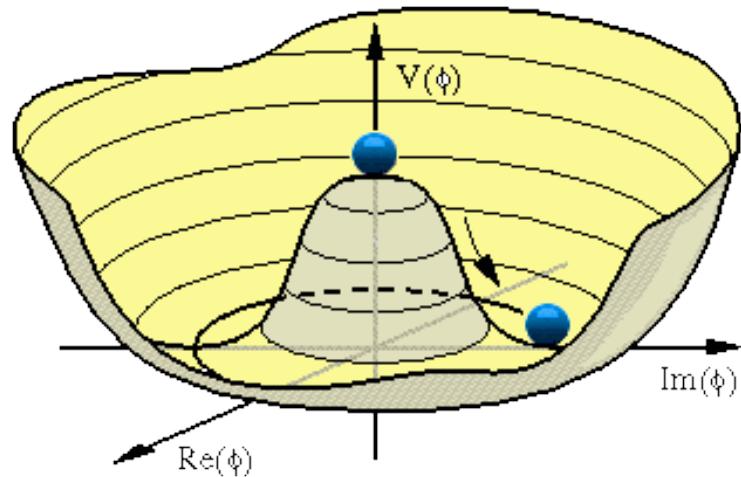
- I. Liubarsky
- P. Ferrario

## Students:

- L. Escudero
- J. Martín-Albo
- L. Monfregola
- F. Monrabal
- M. Nebot
- D. Lorca
- L. Serra....

# The mass puzzle

Structure of the SM vacuum ?

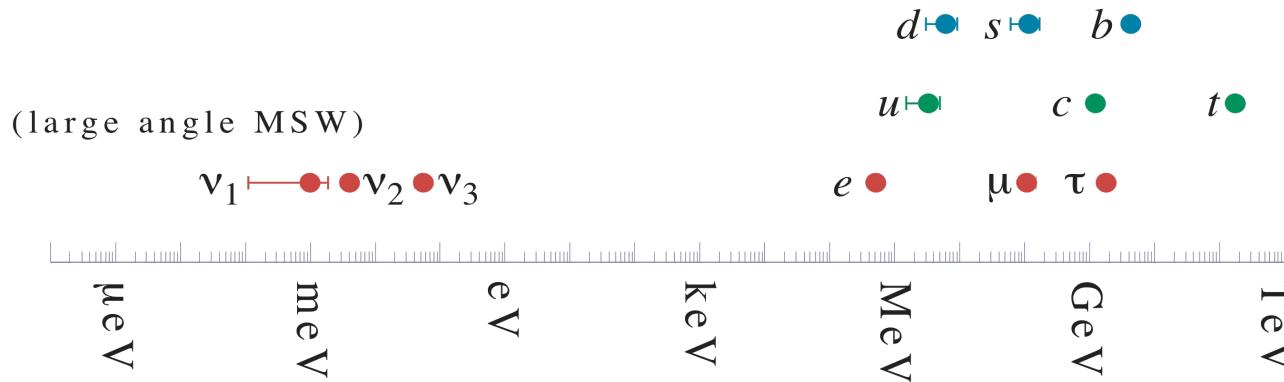


Hierarchy problem ?

Flavour Puzzle ?

Cosmological constant ?

# The flavour mess



PMNS

$$|U|_{3\sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.77 \rightarrow 0.86 & 0.50 \rightarrow 0.63 & 0.0 \rightarrow 0.22 \\ 0.22 \rightarrow 0.56 & 0.44 \rightarrow 0.73 & 0.57 \rightarrow 0.80 \\ 0.21 \rightarrow 0.55 & 0.40 \rightarrow 0.71 & 0.59 \rightarrow 0.82 \end{pmatrix}$$

$V_{CKM} =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.97383(24) & 0.2272(10) & 3.96(9) \times 10^{-3} \\ 0.2271(10) & 0.97296(24) & 42.21_{-0.80}^{+0.10} \times 10^{-3} \\ 8.14_{-0.64}^{+0.32} \times 10^{-3} & 41.61_{-0.78}^{+0.12} \times 10^{-3} & 0.999100_{-0.000004}^{+0.000034} \end{pmatrix}$$

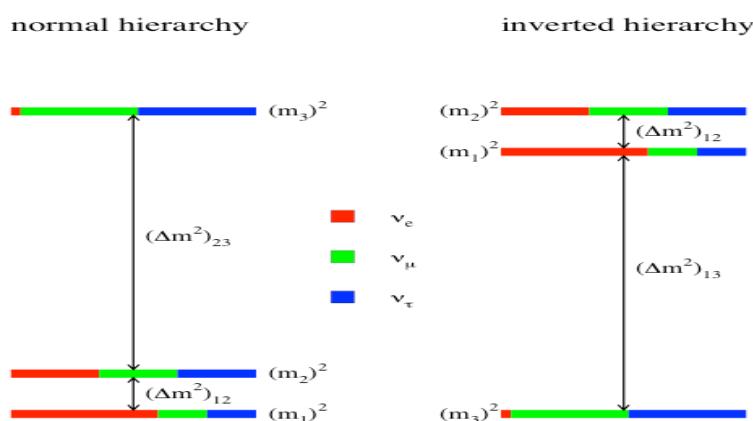
Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni

PDG 2007

Why three of each ? Why  $\nu$  so light ? Where do the numbers come from ?  
 CKM vs PMNS? Majorana nature of  $\nu$  ? Are there more matter fields ?

# Neutrino Physics in the νSM

**Objectives:** measurement of neutrino masses and mixing matrix & new physics searches in present and future neutrino experiments



$\theta_{13}$  measured !!

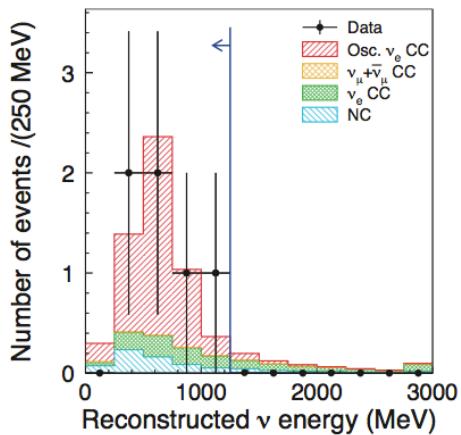
Masses	Angles	CP-phases
$m_1^2 < m_2^2, m_3^2$	$\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}$	$\delta, \alpha_1, \alpha_2$

Lepton number violation ?

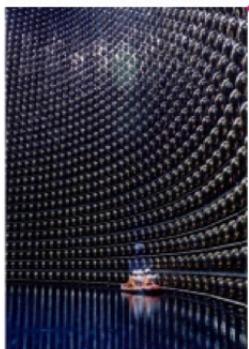
Daya Bay Col. arXiv: 1203.0669



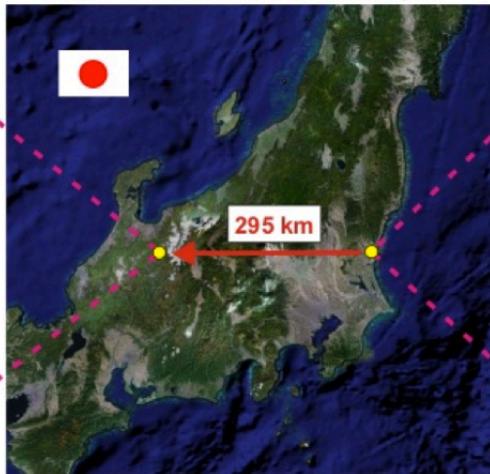
Electron neutrino appearance search in a muon neutrino beam ( $\nu_\mu \sim \nu_e$ ) to measure  $\theta_{13}$ . Fundamental step prior to CP violation searches



Super Kamiokande  
50,000 tons of water  
10,000 phototubes



Neutrino beam directed across Japan



Tokai accelerator complex and location of near detector (ND280)



ND280



IFIC has participated in the construction, calibration, reconstruction software and data analysis of the near detector ND280

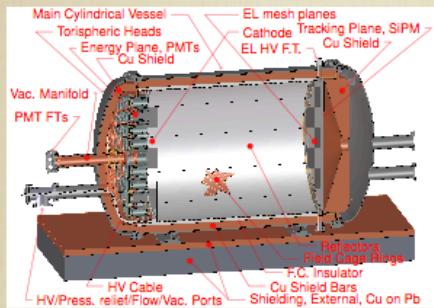
In June 2011 T2K published an indication of  $\nu_\mu \sim \nu_e$  oscillations at the 2.5 sigma level. Its measurement of  $\theta_{13}$  was recently confirmed by Daya-Bay (5.5 sigmas)

After the earthquake T2K resumed data taking in February 2012 and expects to confirm its previous measurement in few months

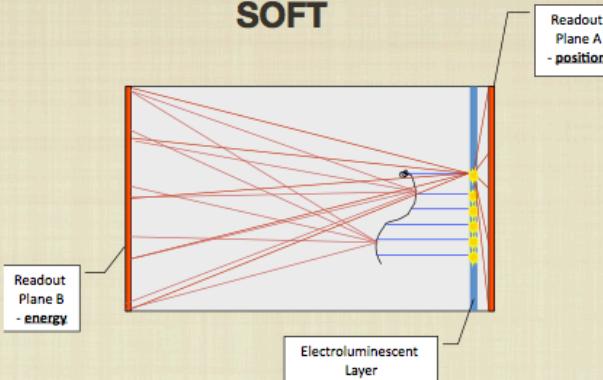
To be Majorana or not to be, that is THE question!

# NEXT concept

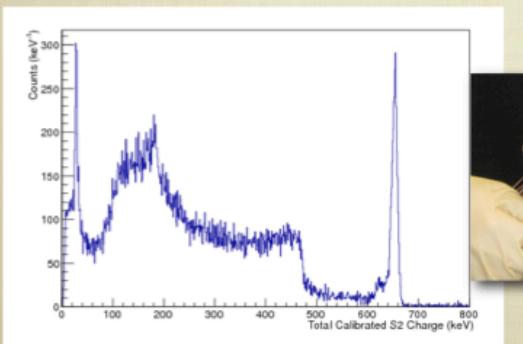
HPGe



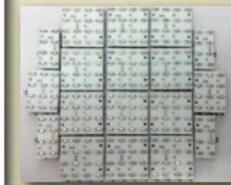
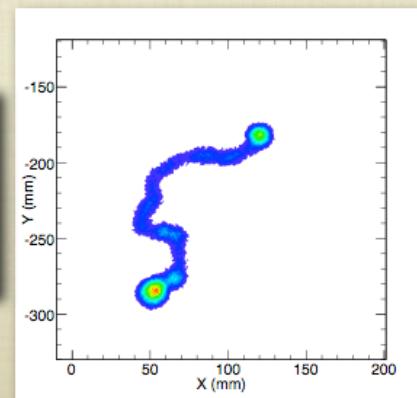
SOFT



Energy resolution



Topological signature







# Neutrino Phenomenology: Future

Next step: discovery of leptonic CP violation                                  → T. Li's talk  
(Madrid and Valencia groups leaders in this field since '98)

Comparison of achievable precision in future facilities

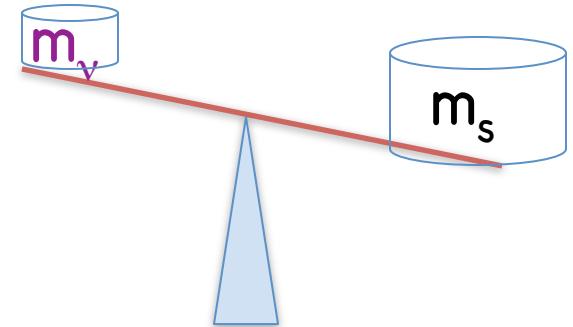
## Origin of neutrino masses: extra sterile dofs ?

Most general (renormalizable) Lagrangian compatible with SM gauge symmetries:

$$Y: 3 \times n_R \quad M_N: n_R \times n_R$$

Phenomenology and cosmo implications strongly depend on  
 $n_R$ ,  $M_N$  and global symmetries (patterns in  $Y$  and  $M_N$ )

Type I seesaw:  $M_N \gg Y_\nu$



GUT

LHC {  
BAU {



DM {

$\nu$  osc. anomalies →  
CMB,LSS

↑  
 $Y_e$

Important to understand how data breaks this  $Y_\nu, M_N$  degeneracy

# Extra Light Sterile Neutrinos

-> S. Agarwalla's talk

Improve global fits: LSND+MiniBOONE, SBL reactors

Giunti, Laveder, (GL) arXiv:1107.1452

Kopp, Maltoni, Schwetz (KMS) arXiv:1103.4570

Minimal Models of this type: just 2 singlet Weyl fermions  $U_{ei}$ ,  $U_{\mu i}$  right ballpark!

A. Donini, P.H., J. López-Pavón, M. Maltoni, arXiv: 1106.0064

# Neutrino Phenomenology Beyond SM

## Extra SM generations and neutrino masses

A. Aparici, J. Herrero-García, N. Rius and A. Santamaría, arXiv:1104.4068

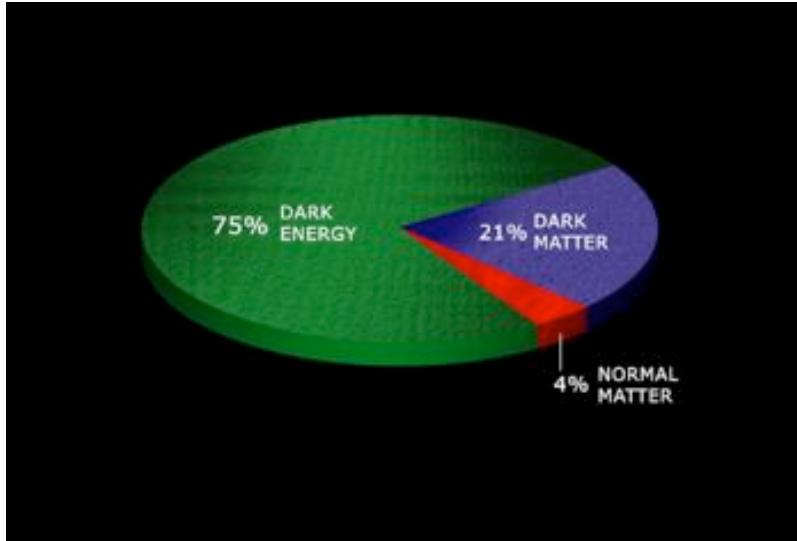
- Extra generations being tested at LHC
- Challenge: 3 very light neutrinos + 1 above LEP bound

In seesaw type models, the 4th generation  $\nu$  must be Majorana

(Majorana masses for the RH neutrino generated radiatively – At two loops )

Majorana mass for the 4th generation neutrinos induce two-loop contributions to light neutrino masses

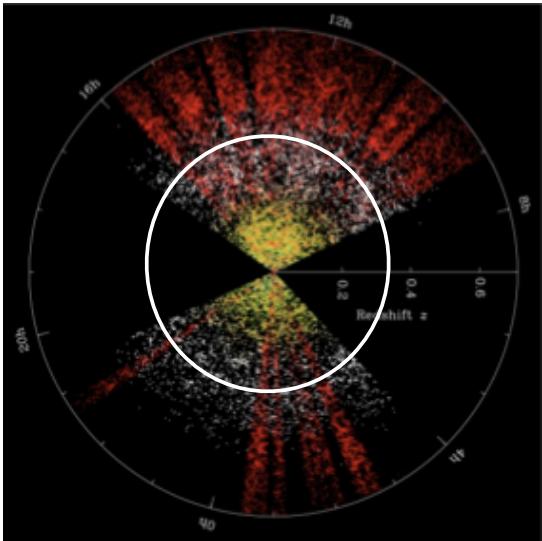
# The missing energy puzzle



We do not understand any of the components in the SM !

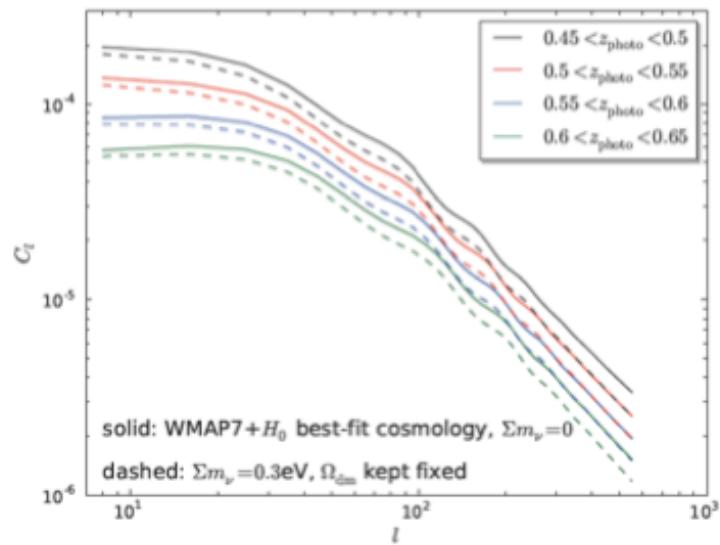
Why baryons did not annihilate ? What is DM ? What is DE ?

# SDSS-III: BOSS (Baryon Oscillation Spectroscopic Survey)



SDSS II main ( $10^5$  LRGs,  $z < 0.4$ )

SDSS III BOSS LRGs (2014 =  $1.5 \times 10^6$ ,  $z < 0.7$   
and  $1.6 \times 10^5$  quasars  $z = 2-3$ )



The radial ( $H(z)$ ) and angular BAO signals and growth factor with unprecedented precision as function of  $z$

→ E. Giusarma's talk

2010 Data:  $2 \times 10^5$  LRGs

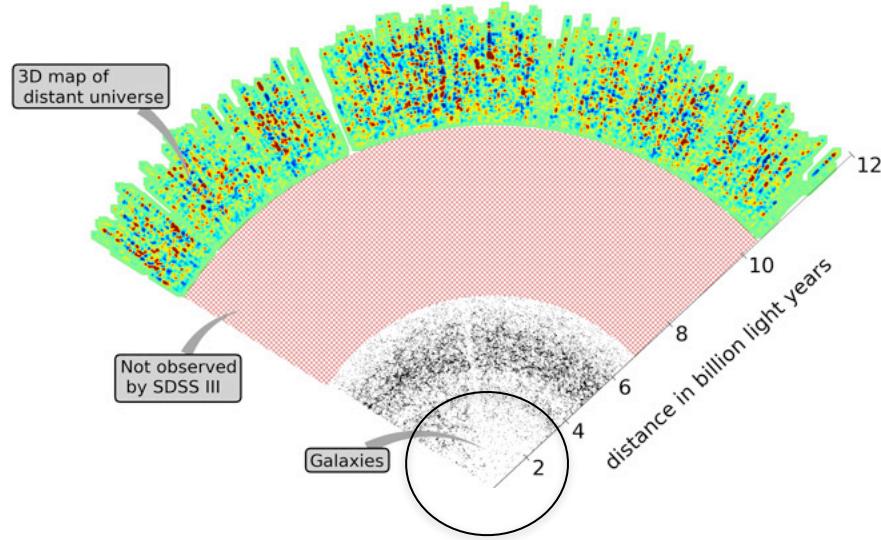
## NEW NEUTRINO MASS BOUNDS FROM SLOAN DIGITAL SKY SURVEY III DATA RELEASE 8 PHOTOMETRIC LUMINOUS GALAXIES

ROLAND DE PUTTER<sup>1,2</sup>, OLGA MENA<sup>2</sup>, ELENA GIUSARMA<sup>2</sup>, SHIRLEY HO<sup>3,4</sup>, ANTONIO CUESTA<sup>5</sup>, HEE-JONG SEO<sup>3,6</sup>, ASHLEY J. ROSS<sup>7</sup>, MARTIN WHITE<sup>3,8</sup>, DMITRY BIZYAEV<sup>9</sup>, HOWARD BREWINGTON<sup>9</sup>, DAVID KIRKBY<sup>10</sup>, ELENA MALANUSHENKO<sup>9</sup>, VIKTOR MALANUSHENKO<sup>9</sup>, DANIEL ORAVETZ<sup>9</sup>, KAIKE PAN<sup>9</sup>, WILL J. PERCIVAL<sup>7</sup>, NICHOLAS P. ROSS<sup>3</sup>, DONALD P. SCHNEIDER<sup>11,12</sup>, ALAINA SHELDEN<sup>9</sup>, AUDREY SIMMONS<sup>9</sup>, STEPHANIE SNEDDEN<sup>9</sup>

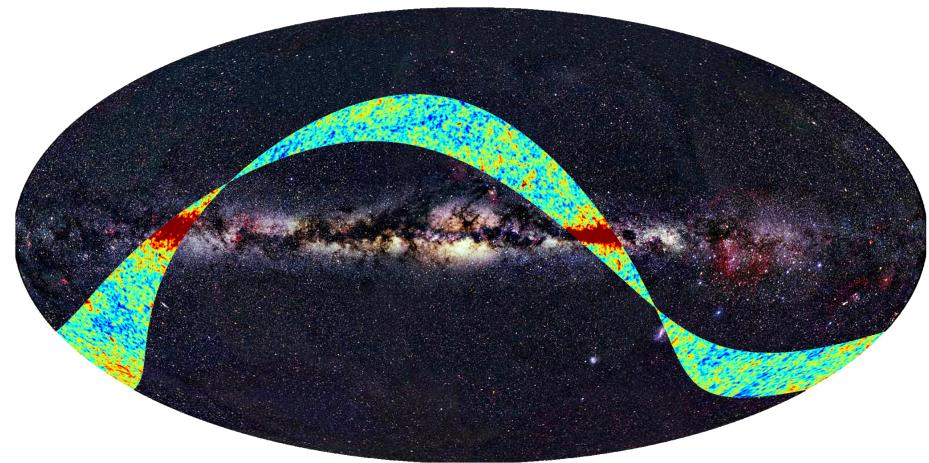
(Dated: January 11, 2012)  
Draft version January 11, 2012

# BOSS + Planck CMB:

Galaxy surveys: BOSS



CMB: Planck



- Einstein vs modified gravity
- Nature of dark energy (quintessence? cosmological constant?)
- Neutrino/axion mass bounds
- Non gaussianities (inflationary models)

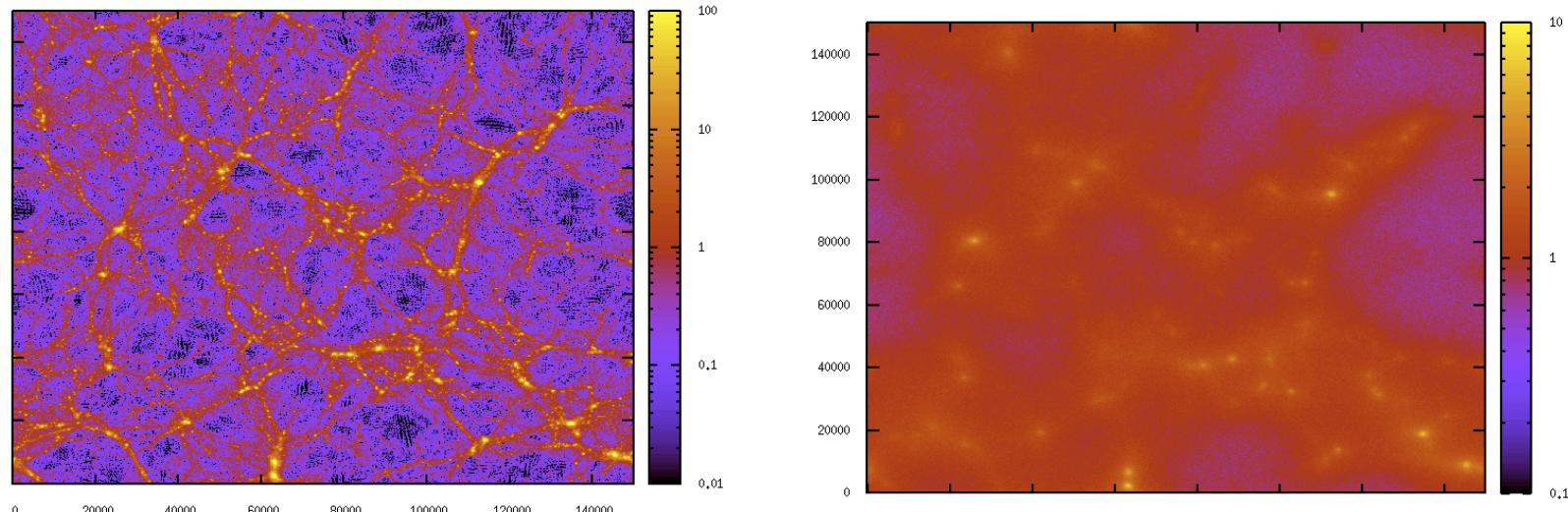
# Neutrino properties from cosmology

Dark matter in extra light neutrinos strongly constrained from cosmology

E. Giusarma et al, arXiv: 1102:4774

# Signatures of Neutrino Masses in Large Scale Structure

S



150 Mpc/h  $\times$  150 Mpc/h  $\times$  10 Mpc/h slice, Dark Matter overdensity (left) and Neutrino overdensity (right).  
Simulation:  $512^3$  CDM and  $512^3 n$  ( $3 \times 0.2$  eV degenerate neutrinos) in 150 Mpc size Box.  
Software: CAMB (linear regime)+ GADGET-3 (N-body) + SUBFIND/AMIGA (halo finder)

Can we measure the neutrino mass hierarchy in the sky? [Jimenez et al, JCAP 1005:035,2010](#).  
Atmospheric splitting under reach if total mass is smaller than 0.2eV. Hierarchy only if total mass < 0.12 eV.  
**Neutrino Halos in Clusters of Galaxies and their Weak Lensing Signature.** [Villaescusa-Navarro et al, JCAP 1106:027,2011](#).

Neutrino profile in the deepest potential wells (Galaxy clusters). Sensitivity to neutrino mass by stacking weak lensing profile of many cluster.

**Neutrino Signatures on the High Transmission Regions of the Lyman-alpha Forest.** [Villaescusa-Navarro, et al, 1106.2543](#)

Neutrino-Dark matter ratio from voids. Neutrinos make voids smaller and denser. Number of voids is sensitive to the neutrino mass.

# Baryogenesis & leptogenesis

-> J. Racker's Talk

v astrophysics

- Solar neutrinos -> solar models
- Neutrino astrophysics
- Neutrino signals of DM,....

M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, J. Racker and N. Rius, JHEP0911  
(2009) 079

# Networking already @ work





O. Mena, our most active networker