Sterile Neutrino Searches: Current Status & Future Prospects

Sanjib Kumar Agarwalla

Sanjib.Agarwalla@ific.uv.es

IFIC/CSIC, University of Valencia, Spain



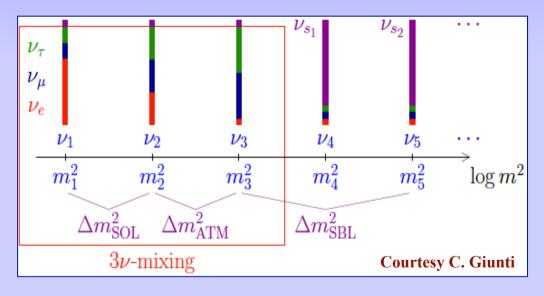




Short Baseline Oscillation & Sterile Neutrinos

Recent Results from short baseline neutrino experiments hint towards high $\Delta m^2 \approx 0.1 - 10 \text{ eV}^2$ oscillation

Require additional neutrinos with masses at eV scale



- v_s : Sterile States (no weak interactions)
- Can feel gravity
- Can affect oscillations through mixing
- Well postulated in see-saw models

Introduce v_R in the SM: Dirac mass $m_D \overline{\nu_R} v_L + Majorana mass <math>m_M \overline{v_R^c} v_R$

6 massive Majorana neutrinos : $(v_{eL}, v_{\mu L}, v_{\tau L}) + (v_{eR}, v_{\mu R}, v_{\tau R})$

Light anti- v_R = Light left-handed v_s $\nu_R^c \rightarrow \nu_{sL}$

Definition of Short Baseline

Short-baseline means : $L/E \sim 1 \text{ (m/MeV or km/GeV)}$

It covers a wide range of experiments

- Radioactive $\nu_e/\bar{\nu}_e$ Source experiments $(L/E \sim 1 \text{ m/1 MeV})$
- Reactor $\bar{\nu}_e$ experiments $(L/E \sim 5 \text{ m/5 MeV})$
- Accelerator produced ν experiments $(L/E \sim 1 \text{ km/1 GeV})$
- Atmospheric Neutrinos in IceCube $(L/E \sim 1000 \text{ km/1 TeV})$

Short Baseline Experiments

$\bar{\nu}_e$ disappearance search (reactor experiments)

- > Spectral data: Bugey-3 (at 15, 40 & 95 m)
- Rate only: Bugey-4 (at 15 m), ROVNO, Gösgen, Krasnoyarsk, ILL
- \triangleright Chooz and Palo Verde at L \approx 1 km

\mathbf{D} ν_e disappearance search

- \triangleright KARMEN & LSND v_e carbon cross section estimates
- ➤ GALLEX & SAGE radioactive source calibration experiments

D Appearance searches $(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{e}, \ \bar{\nu}_{\mu} \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_{e})$

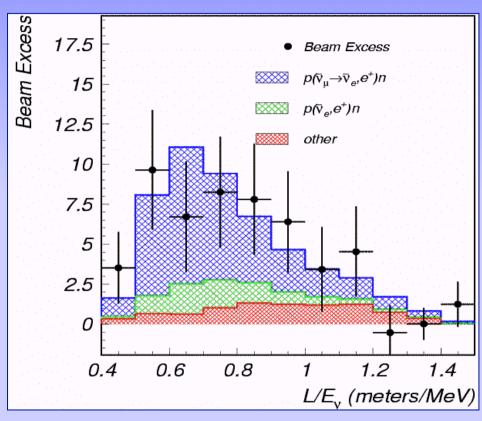
> LSND, MiniBooNE, KARMEN, NOMAD

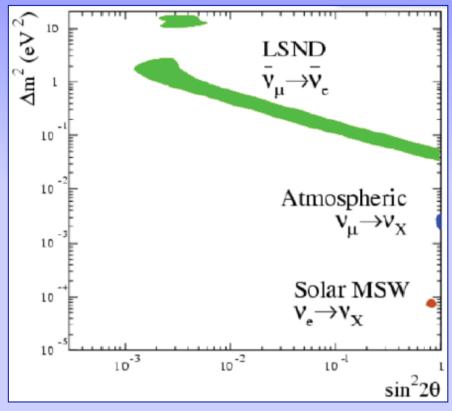
$\mathbf{D} \nu_{\mu}$ disappearance limits

- > CCFR, CDHS, MiniBooNE, Atmospheric neutrinos
- > Neutral current measurement of MINOS

LSND Result

LSND : L = 30 m, $< E_{\nu_{\bar{\mu}}} > = 40 \text{ MeV}$





Saw an excess of $87.9 \pm 22.4 \pm 6.0$ events

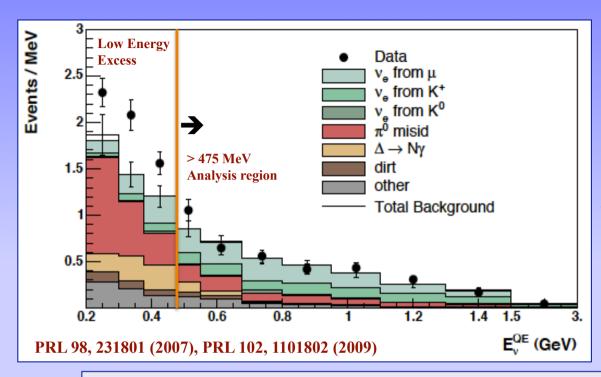
 $3.8\,\sigma$ excess of $\bar{\nu}_e$ events in a beam of $\bar{\nu}_\mu$

PRD 64, 112007 (2001)

 $P(\overline{\nu}_{\mu} \rightarrow \overline{\nu}_{e}) = (0.264 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.045)\%$

 Δ m 2 \sim 0.1-10 eV 2 , small mixing Large (sin 2 2 θ , Δ m 2) degeneracy

MiniBooNE Neutrino Results



MiniBooNE : L = 541 m, $\langle E_{\nu_{\mu},\nu_{\bar{\mu}}} \rangle$ = 700 MeV

Aim to establish/refute the LSND claim: Similar L/E as LSND

 6.5×10^{20} POT in neutrino mode

E > 475 MeV

- Data matches quite well with background prediction
- > Ruled out simple 2v oscillations as LSND explanation at 90% C.L.

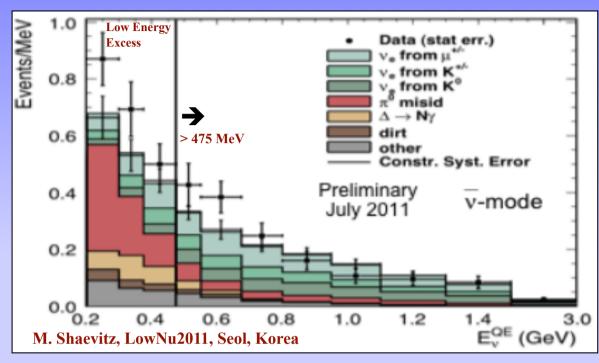
E < 475 MeV

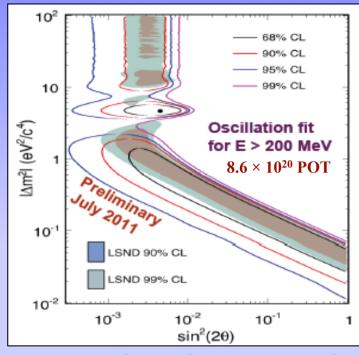
- \triangleright Excess of e^{-}/γ -like events: $128.8 \pm 20.4 \pm 38.3$ (3 σ)
- > Shape not consistent with simple 2v oscillations
- Magnitude consistent with LSND

Low-Energy Anomaly!

Who ordered this?

MiniBooNE Anti-neutrino Results





Excess events: 38.6 ± 18.5 (200-475 MeV), 16.3 ± 19.4 (475-1250 MeV)

Best-fit: $(\sin^2 2\theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.004, 4.6 \text{ eV}^2)$

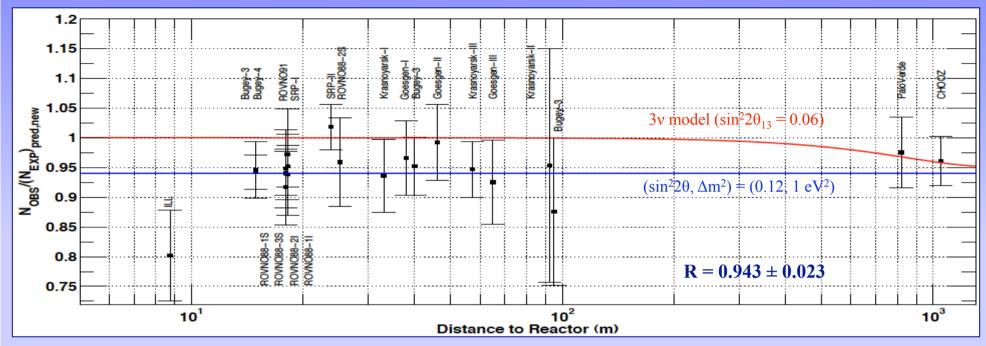
E > 475 MeV (200 MeV)

Excess consistent with a LSND-like 2v oscillation over background only (null) hypothesis at 91.1% C.L. (97.6% C.L.) [hard to interpret as pure oscillation] E < 475 MeV

Excess of e^+/γ -like events: 38.6 ± 18.5 [v & \bar{v} results are now more similar]

MiniBooNE will continue running through spring 2012 to have 15×10^{20} POT

Reactor Anti-neutrino Anomaly



Mention et al., arXiv:1101.2755 [hep-ex]

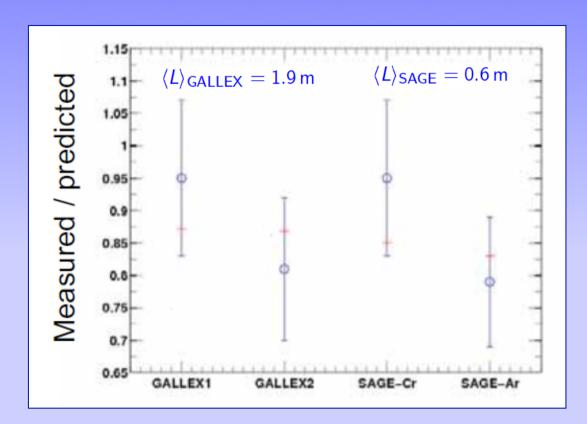
Recent reanalysis of reactor fluxes shows ~ 3.5% upward shift in flux

Mueller et al., arXiv:1101.2663, confirmed by P. Huber, arXiv:1106.0687

Overall reduction in predicted flux compared to existing data can be interpreted as $\bar{\nu}_e$ disappearance with $\Delta m^2 \sim 1 eV^2$ and L=10-100 m

Does source and detector size wash out oscillations?

Gallium Neutrino Anomaly



Calibration measurements for the GALLEX & SAGE solar neutrino detectors using intense radioactive v_e fluxes from ^{51}Cr & ^{37}Ar

⁵¹Cr: 747 KeV (82%)

³⁷Ar: 811 KeV (90%)

Detection process:

$$u_e + {}^{71}\mathsf{Ga} o {}^{71}\mathsf{Ge} + e^-$$

Measurements consistently lower than expectation

Suggests possible v_e disappearance at 2.7 σ due to active – sterile oscillation

Giunti and Laveder, arXiv:1006.3244

How well do we know the efficiencies of the radiochemical detection processes?

Severe constraints for short baseline oscillations

ightharpoonup Limit on v_e disappearance from LSND & KARMEN using v_e - C scattering data

Conrad & Shaevitz, arXiv:1106.5552; Giunti & Laveder, arXiv:1111.1069

 \diamond Strong limit on v_{μ} disappearance from CDHS & CCFR experiments

CDHS: PLB 134 (1984) 281; CCFR: PRD 59 (1999) 031101

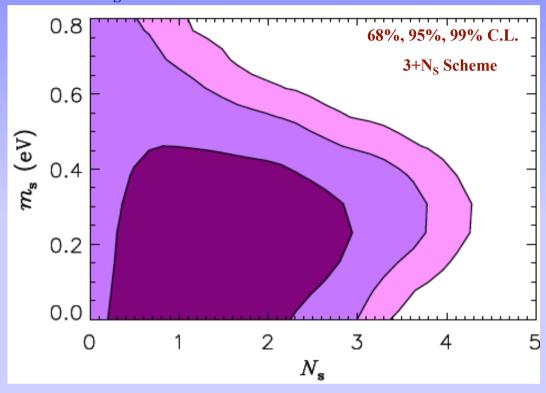
- ♦ New SciBooNE/MiniBooNE ν_{μ} disappearance limit even stronger than earlier K.B.M. Mahn et al., arXiv:1106.5685
 - \Leftrightarrow Less stringent limits for $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$ disappearance from MiniBooNE A.A. Aguilar-Arevalo et al., PRL 103, 061802 (2009)
- ♦ No hint of steriles in atmospheric & solar v data in the required parameter range

 Maltoni & Schwetz, arXiv:0705.0107
 - ightharpoonup MINOS near and far detector NC data set limits on v_{μ} disappearance

 P. Adamson et al., PRL 107, 011802 (2011); Giunti & Laveder, arXiv: 1109.4033
 - \Leftrightarrow KARMEN limits $\bar{\nu}_e$ appearance, NOMAD limits ν_e appearance KARMEN: PRD 65, 112002 (2002); NOMAD: PLB 570, 19 (2003)

Cosmological Constraints

 $N_S = \#$ of thermalized sterile ν states



Precision cosmology & BBN mildly favor extra radiation in the universe beyond photons and ordinary neutrinos:

Supporting the existence of low mass sterile neutrinos

Hamann et al., arXiv:1006.5276

CMB & LSS in Λ CDM model: $N_S = 1.3 \pm 0.9$ with $m_s < 0.66$ eV @ 95% C.L.

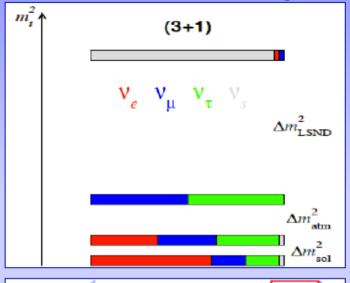
CMB+LSS+BBN: $N_s = 0.85^{+0.39}_{-0.56}$ (95% C.L.)

Hamann et al., arXiv:1108.4136

! New CMB data from Planck spacecraft will shed more light on this issue!

3+1 short baseline oscillations

Perturbation of 3v mixing



$$U = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} & U_{e4} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} & U_{\mu 4} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} & U_{\tau 4} \\ U_{s1} & U_{s2} & U_{s3} & U_{s4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_{\mu 4} = 1 - \sin^{2} 2\theta_{dis} \sin^{2} \frac{\Delta m_{41}^{2} L}{4E} \sin^{2} 2\theta_{dis} = 4|U_{\alpha 4}|^{2}(1 - |U_{\alpha 4}|^{2})$$

$$V_{\alpha \alpha} = 1 - \sin^{2} 2\theta_{dis} \sin^{2} \frac{\Delta m_{41}^{2} L}{4E} \sin^{2} 2\theta_{dis} = 4|U_{\alpha 4}|^{2}(1 - |U_{\alpha 4}|^{2})$$

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Add one sterile v with three active ones at the eV scale

SBL approximation : $\Delta m_{21}^2 \approx \Delta m_{31}^2 \approx 0$ (2-flavor case)

Appearance

$$P_{\mu e} = \sin^2 2\theta_{\rm app} \sin^2 \frac{\Delta m_{41}^2 L}{4E}$$
 $\sin^2 2\theta_{\rm app} = 4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu 4}|^2$

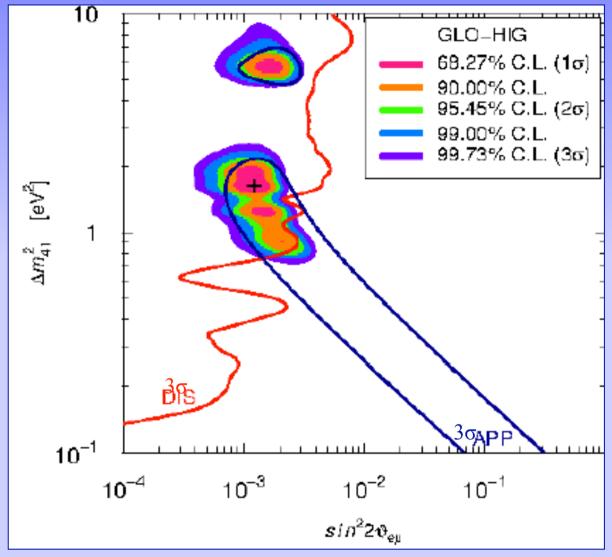
Disappearance

$$P_{lphalpha} = 1 - \sin^2 2 heta_{
m dis} \sin^2 rac{\Delta m_{
m 41}^2 L}{4E} \qquad \sin^2 2 heta_{
m dis} = 4|U_{lpha 4}|^2(1 - |U_{lpha 4}|^2)$$

No CPV: Cannot fit v (LSND, MB) & v (MB) data

Constrain U_{e4} (U_{u4}) from v_e (v_u) disappearance experiments which put bound on appearance amplitude $|U_{e4} U_{u4}|$

3+1 Global Fit



$\chi^2_{ m min}$	137.5
NDF	138
GoF	50%
$\Delta m_{41}^2 [\mathrm{eV^2}]$	1.6
$ U_{e4} ^2$	0.036
$ U_{\mu 4} ^2$	0.0084
$\sin^2 2\vartheta_{e\mu}$	0.0012
$\sin^2 2\vartheta_{ee}$	0.14
$\sin^2 2\vartheta_{\mu\mu}$	0.034

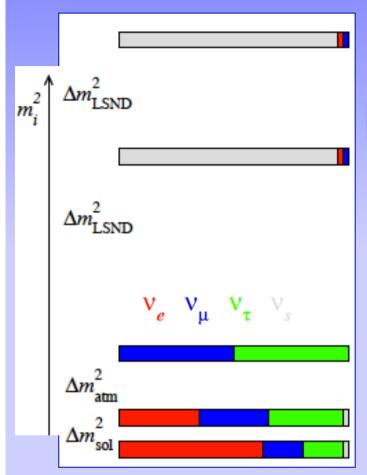
Excluding MiniBooNE low energy anomaly

PG (GoF) = 0.3%

Giunti and Laveder, arXiv: 1111.1069 Similar findings in Kopp, Maltoni, Schwetz, arXiv: 1103.4570

Appearance & disappearance data are marginally compatible

3+2 short baseline oscillations



Add 2 sterile neutrinos with 3 active ones at the eV scale

SBL approximation :
$$\Delta m_{21}^2 \approx \Delta m_{31}^2 \approx 0$$
 and $x_{ij} \equiv \Delta m_{ij}^2 L/4E$

Appearance

$$P_{\mu e} = 4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu 4}|^2\sin^2 x_{41} + 4|U_{e5}|^2|U_{\mu 5}|^2\sin^2 x_{51}$$

$$+ 8|U_{e4}U_{\mu 4}U_{e5}U_{\mu 5}|\sin x_{41}\sin x_{51}\cos(x_{54} - \delta)$$

$$\delta \equiv arg(U_{e4}^*U_{\mu 4}U_{e5}U_{\mu 5}^*) \text{ is the } CP\text{-phase}$$

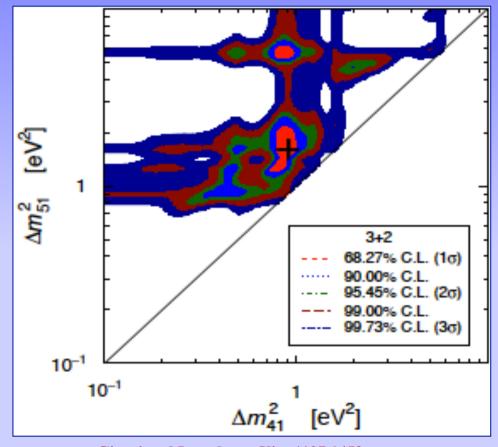
Disappearance

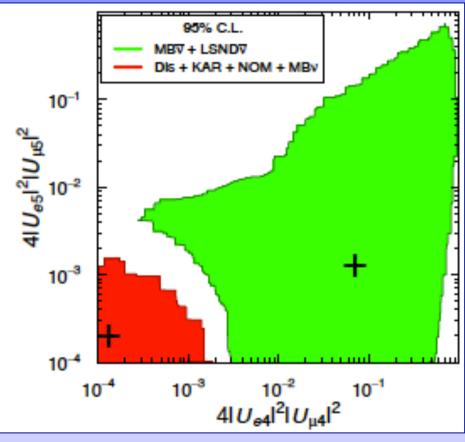
$$\begin{vmatrix} P_{\alpha\alpha} &= 1 - 4(1 - |U_{\alpha 4}|^2 - |U_{\alpha 5}|^2)(|U_{\alpha 4}|^2 \sin^2 x_{41} + |U_{\alpha 5}|^2 \sin^2 x_{51}) \\ &- 4|U_{\alpha 4}|^2 |U_{\alpha 5}|^2 \sin^2 x_{54} \end{vmatrix}$$

CPV (δ): Can fit \bar{v} (LSND, MB) & v (MB) data

Constrain $|\mathbf{U}_{ei}|$ & $|\mathbf{U}_{\mu i}|$ (i=4,5) from disappearance experiments which put bound on appearance amplitude $|\mathbf{U}_{ei}|$

3+2 Global Fit





Giunti and Laveder, arXiv: 1107.1452 See also, Kopp, Maltoni, Schwetz, arXiv: 1103.4570

Severe tension in the 3+2 fit

	Δm_{41}^2	$ U_{e4} $	$ U_{\mu 4} $	Δm_{51}^2	$ U_{e5} $	$ U_{\mu 5} $	δ/π	$\chi^{2}/130$
KMS	0.47	0.128	0.165	0.87	0.138	0.148	1.64	110.1
GL	0.90	0.130	0.134	1.60	0.130	0.080	1.52	92/100

Global Fits: Where do we stand?

Considerable tension in the global fit

Data from LSND, MiniBooNE (anti-neutrino), Reactor and Gallium experiments point towards short baseline active - sterile neutrino oscillation

(3+1) short baseline oscillations

- CP violation: No
 Cannot fit v̄ (LSND, MB) & v (MB) data
- Tension: appearance .vs. disappearance
- Slight agreement with cosmology

(3+2) short baseline oscillations

- CP violation: Yes
 Can fit v̄ (LSND, MB) & v (MB) data
- Tension: appearance .vs. disappearance
- Tension with cosmology

New 2011 MiniBooNE data have reduced the tension between neutrino & anti-neutrino

! New short baseline experiments are mandatory to have a clear picture !

What do we need? Any Future Plans?

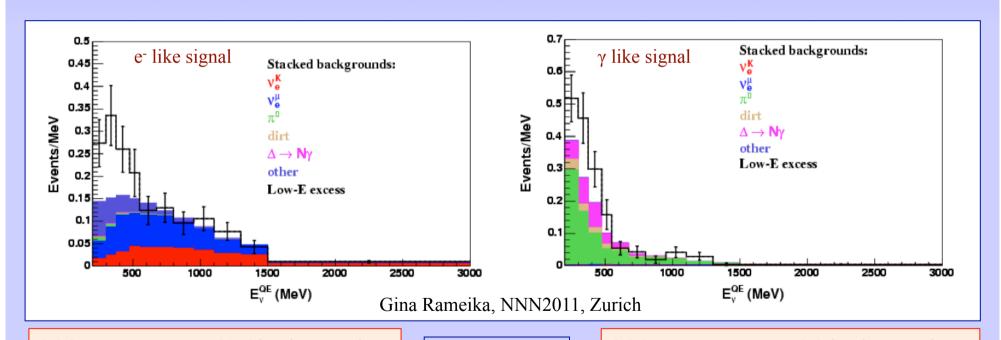
Both positive & negative hints for sterile high Δm^2 oscillation !! Nothing is conclusive !!

Need new high precision short baseline experiments to perform appearance and disappearance searches at high significance involving both neutrinos and anti-neutrinos

There is a diverse set of SBL experiments, spanning a wide range in L and E, have been proposed to validate/refute the 3+N models and to resolve the present anomalies at high significance

MicroBooNE at FNAL (Approved)

- LArTPC (70 tons fiducial volume), located at 470 m in the Booster Neutrino Beamline
- 2 times better PID efficiency than MiniBooNE, only 3% mis-ID (Online late 2013)
- Unique e^{-}/γ discrimination: photons give twice the ionization at conversion point
- Can predict if low-E excess in MiniBooNE (v) due to single electron or photon events



36.8 excess events, 41.6 background 5.7σ stat. significance for E < 475MeV

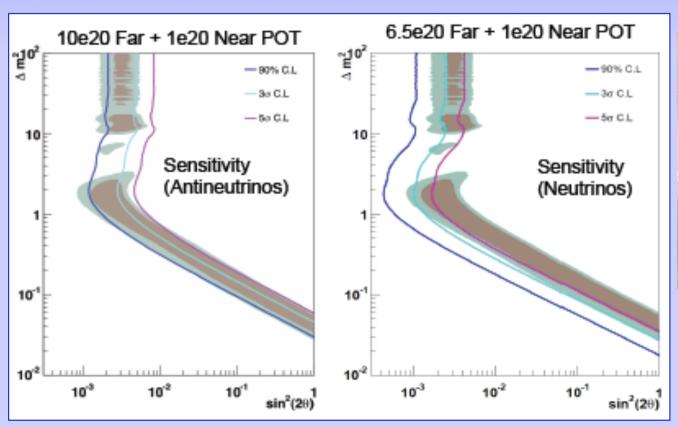
 $6 \times 10^{20} \text{ POT}$

36.8 excess events, 78.9 background 4.1σ stat. significance for E < 475 MeV

BooNE (a near detector for MiniBooNE)

- Build a new MiniBooNE like detector at 200 m (near detector for MiniBooNE)
- Flux, cross-section and optical model errors cancel in 200 m/500 m ratio analysis

Gain statistics rapidly, already have far detector data

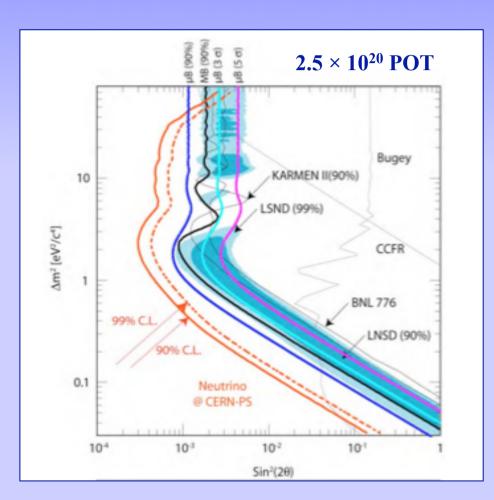




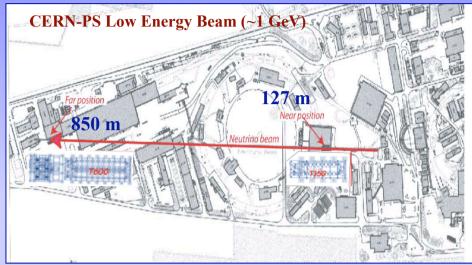
LOI arXiv:0910.2698

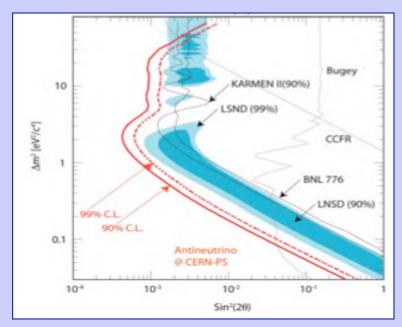
CERN Low Energy Two Detector Experiment

600 tons ICARUS at 850 m and 150 tons LAr at 127 m in the CERN-PS beam line

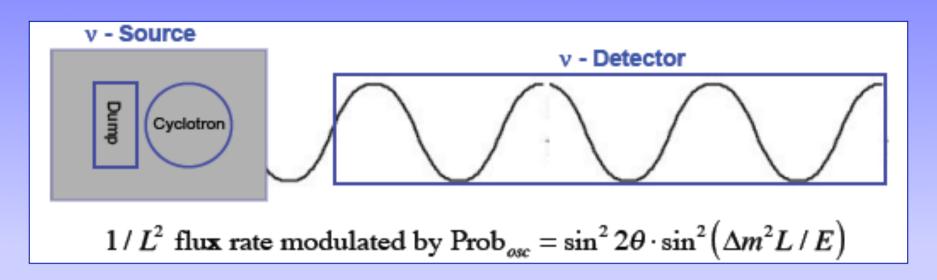


LOI arXiv:0909.0355





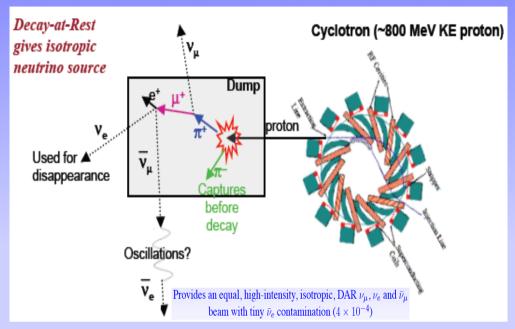
Very Short Baseline Oscillation Experiment

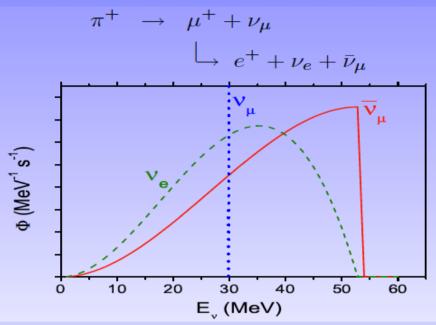


Neutrino Sources

- Decay-at-rest beam from proton beam dump
- Small core reactor source
- Very high activity radioactive source
- Observe the L/E dependence of the event rates within a long v detector
- Background distribution is either independent of L or goes like 1/L²
- Powerful verification of the short baseline oscillation/new physics

Decay-At-Rest (or Beam Dump) Neutrino Source



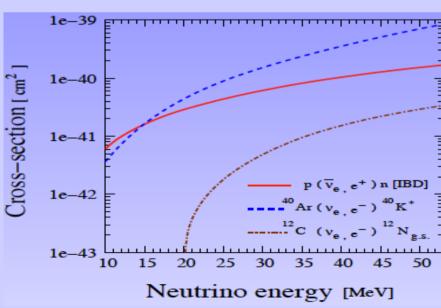


800 MeV protons from cyclotrons interact in a low-A target (C, H₂O) producing π^+ and, at a low level, π^-

$$p + X \to \pi^{\pm} + X'$$

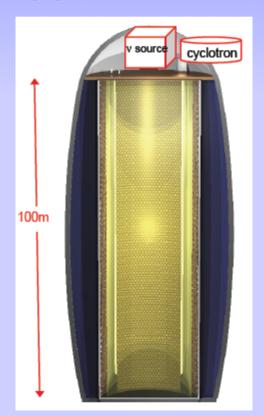
Low-A target is embedded in a high-A, dense material where pions are brought to rest

 π^- & daughter μ^- captured before DIF, minimizing $\bar{\nu}_e$

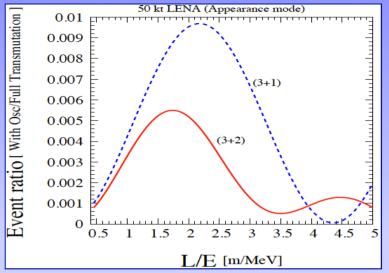


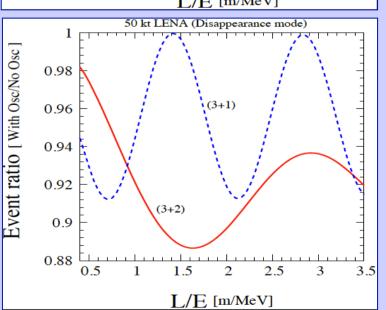
Short Baseline Neutrino Oscillation Waves

- LENA Scintillation Detector
- 50 kt fiducial mass
- Source-to-detector face = 20 m
- Deep location (4000 mwe)
- Negligible cosmic muon background



Similar study with NOvA & Gd doped Super-Kamiokande





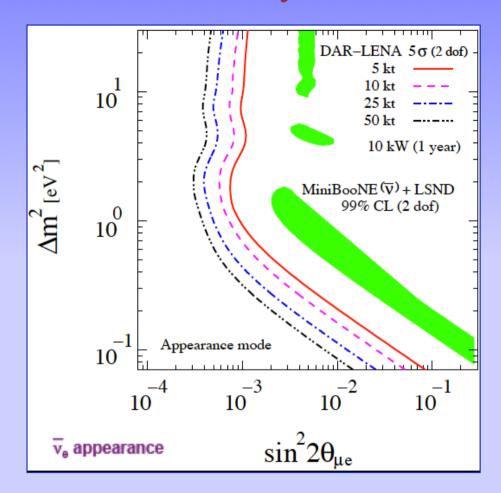
Agarwalla and Huber, arXiv: 1007.3228
Agarwalla, Conrad and Shaevitz, arXiv: 1105.4984

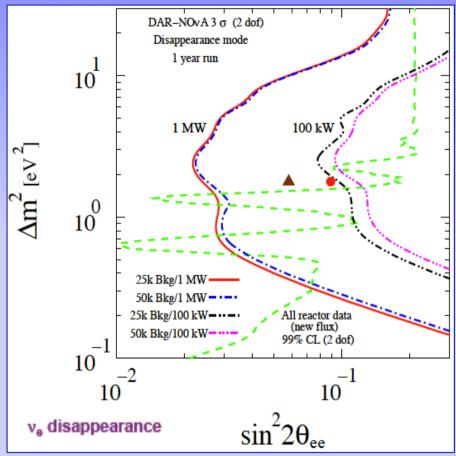
Distinguish between (3+1) & (3+2) models

Rate + Shape measurement

Several L/E bins cancel systematic uncertainties

Sensitivity Limit to Sterile Neutrino Oscillation





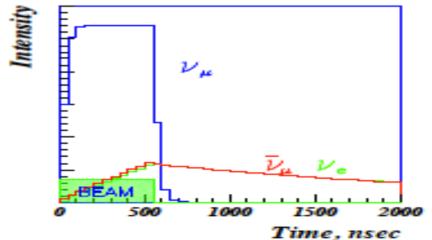
- LENA style detector
- Cover 'LSND' at 5σ with 5 kt LENA
 & 10 kW cyclotron in 1 year

- NOvA
- Cover 'Reactor Anomaly' at 3σ with 100 to 1000 kW in 1 year

Agarwalla, Conrad and Shaevitz, arXiv: 1105.4984

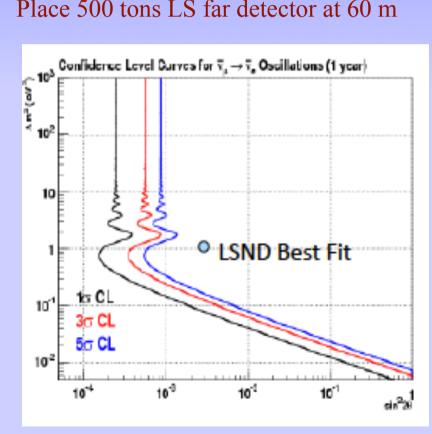
OscSNS proposal at ORNL@USA





Short duty-factor, beam pulse 695 ns

- Spallation Neutron Source @ ORNL
- 1.3 GeV protons on Hg target (1.2 MW)
- Free source of v (well known spectrum)
- Place 25 tons LS near detector at 18 m
- Place 500 tons LS far detector at 60 m



OscSNS proposal, hep-ph/0501013

Concluding Remarks

- **X** Several interesting, but inconclusive hints for sterile neutrinos
- Global fit of world neutrino and anti-neutrino data in both 3+1 and 3+2 schemes show considerable tension between various experiments
- \aleph Need new powerful experiments to have a conclusive $\geq 5\sigma$ results
- Establishing the existence of sterile neutrinos would open a powerful window on new physics beyond the Standard Model

For More Discussions on Steriles: Take a look at! http://cnp.phys.vt.edu/white_paper/whitepaper.pdf

Thank You!